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PROGRAM (G189A) CONFIGURATION CONTROL
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GENERALIZED ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL AND LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEM COMPUTER PROGRAM (G189A) CONFIGURATION CONTROL

PHASE I FINAL REPORT Contract NAS9-13404

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**GENERALIZED ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL AND
LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEM COMPUTER PROGRAM (G189A)
CONFIGURATION CONTROL**

PHASE I FINAL REPORT

Contract NAS9-13404

31 DECEMBER 1973

MDC G5084

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FOREWORD

The work described in this report was performed by the Biotechnology and Space Sciences Subdivision of the Engineering Division, McDonnell Douglas Astronautics Company - Western Division, Huntington Beach, California. J. R. Jaax, Crew Systems Division, National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Johnson Space Center (JSC) was the contract technical monitor. R. S. Barker was the project manager for McDonnell Douglas. R. L. Blakely was responsible for performing the G189A computer program configuration control effort.

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SUMMARY

This final report documents the work performed during Phase I of contract NAS9-13404, Generalized Environmental and Life Support System Computer Program (G189A) Configuration Control. Phase I of the contract covers the period from 2 April 1973 to 31 October 1973. During this period the following items of significance were accomplished:

1. A G189A simulation of the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS was prepared and used to study payload support capabilities. (The current status of this simulation is documented in Attachment No. 1 of this report.)
2. Two master program libraries of the G189A computer program were prepared for the NASA/JSC computer system. An Exec 8 version of the program library is available as an operational SECURE file on the NASA/JSC UNIVAC 1110 computer and an Exec 2 version is available on magnetic tape for use on the NASA/JSC UNIVAC 1108 computers. Both program libraries have been checked out and are operational. A copy of the Exec 8 program library was sent to NASA/MSFC and is operational on their UNIVAC 1108 computers. A copy of the G189 program library Fortran symbolics was sent to NASA/Ames Research Center where it is intended to be made operational on their IBM 360/67 computer.
3. Several new component subroutines were added to the G189A program library and many existing subroutines were revised to improve their capabilities. (Addendum No. 1 of this report contains the required changes to the G189A Program Manual, Reference 1, which document the component subroutine additions and revisions.)
4. A number of special analyses were performed in support of a NASA/JSC Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS Payload Support Capability Study.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The G189 Generalized Environmental Control and Life Support System Computer Program was initially conceived and developed by MDAC in 1964. It was initially delivered to NASA/JSC in 1965 under contract NAS9-4090. Since this time a number of program revisions and developments have occurred as a result of work performed in-house and in conjunction with other NASA contracts. The Crew Systems Division of NASA/JSC has been instrumental in the development of this program into a valuable EC/LSS simulation tool. This contract, NAS9-13404 - Generalized Environmental Control and Life Support System Computer Program (G189A) Configuration Control, provides a method for updating and maintaining the G189A program library and documentation for all program users. The effort also involves (1) providing instruction and recommendations for the use and application of the program, (2) developing new subroutines and logic required for new simulations, and (3) supporting special analyses required by NASA/JSC. The following section describes in detail the progress made, during Phase I of the contract, under the various tasks described in contract NAS9-13404.

2.0 REPORT OF PHASE I PROGRESS

The Phase I progress on tasks 1-11 as described in contract NAS9-13404 is reported herein.

2.1 Task 1, Formulate Master Programs

Two master program libraries of the G189A computer program were prepared for the NASA/JSC computer system. An Exec 8 version of the program library was prepared for the NASA/JSC UNIVAC 1110 computer and is maintained as a SECURE file in permanent storage. An Exec 2 version of the program, suitable for use on the NASA/JSC UNIVAC 1108 computers, was prepared and placed on magnetic tape. The two program libraries are identical except for minor coding differences required by the Exec 8 or Exec 2 system. These program libraries are described in more detail in Section 2.2.

A survey of available master program tapes for previously prepared G189 simulators was made. The following table lists those simulators, their magnetic tape number, the person under whose name the tape is reserved, the approximate version data, and the operating system under which the tape was prepared.

TABLE 1 - MASTER PROGRAM TAPES FOR G189 SIMULATORS

Description	Tape No.	Reserved By	Approx. Version Date	Oper. System
Apollo Block II CM ECS Simulation:				
G189 Subroutine Elements	A13459	Dave Cook/LEC	9/69	Exce II
Basic Case Data - Earth Orbit	A00643	Dave Cook/LEC	9/69	Exec II
SSP 12 Man Simulation with Mol Sieve:				
G189 Subroutine Elements	A04141	Bill Ayotte/	7/71	Exec II
Restart Data	A05417	Boeing	7/71	Exec II
SSP Water Waste Management System Simulation:				
G189A Subroutine Elements	A12961	Bob Blakely/ MDAC	11/72	Exec II
Data Tape	A08553	Bill Ayotte/ Boeing	11/72	Exec II

In addition to these master program tapes, two new tapes and one permanent file were prepared for the new G189A Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS Simulation. These items are described in Section 2.2.

2.2 Task 2, Maintain Library

In addition to the previously created G189 simulator master program tapes listed in Table 1, two new tapes and one permanent file for the G189A Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS simulation were created. A G189A master program library for the Exec 8 operating system was created as a SECURE file on the NASA/JSC

UNIVAC 1110 computer. A similar library for the Exec 2 operating system, currently used on the NASA/JSC UNIVAC 1108 computers, was placed on magnetic tape. A set of basic case data for the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS simulation was also placed on magnetic tape for use on the Exec 2 operating system. The characteristics of these files are described in Table 2.

TABLE 2 - SHUTTLE G189A SIMULATOR MASTER PROGRAM FILES AND TAPES

<u>File Name or Tape No.</u>	<u>Qualifier or Label</u>	<u>Description</u>
G189AD	EC2-M22636	An Exec 8 SECURE file of the G189A program library which resides on the UNIVAC 1110 mass storage device. The file is cataloged for public access and as a read only file. It contains symbolic and relocatable elements for all G189A routines including a MAP collector element called SEGPRG which is used to provide program segmentation.
A07947	UPDAT	An Exec 2 tape containing two identical files of Fortran V source and relocatable elements of all G189A routines including a MAP element called SEGPRG which is to provide program segmentation.
A06583	NTOUT	An Exec 2 tape containing the basic case data for the current G189A Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS Simulation.

The two program libraries, G189AD and A07947, contain the most recent changes and additions made to the G189A program by MDAC-W as of 17 July 1973. These libraries have also been updated several times at NASA/JSC as required for the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS simulation. The most recent JSC updates were made on 26 November 1973.

A magnetic tape of the Exec 8 master program library was made and modified to run on the NASA/MSFC UNIVAC 1108 computer system on 3 August 1973. This tape was sent to Sam Clonts, NASA/MSFC, S&E-ASTN-PLB, Bldg. 4666. An external BCD tape of the Exec 8 master program library Fortran subroutine symbolics was requested and sent to Dr. D. E. Cagliostro, NASA/Ames Research

Center on 24 September 1973. Dr. Cagliostro intends to implement the G189A program on an IBM 360/67 computer at Ames Research Center.

2.3 Task 3, Provide Recommendations

Contact has been maintained between active G189A program users at NASA/MSFC and MDAC-W to provide recommendations regarding use of master program library tapes, program subroutine modifications, and routine peculiarities or limitations.

2.4 Task 4, Provide Instruction

Contact has been maintained between active G189A users at NASA/MSFC and MDAC-W to provide briefings on new options and subroutines being developed and to aid in debugging program errors.

2.5 Task 5, Provide Program Modifications

Several component subroutine modifications have been made and several new subroutines have been prepared for use with the Shuttle Orbiter ETC/LSS simulation. These changes are briefly described below.

ALTCOM - Modified to calculate outlet temperature, as an option, if heat addition is specified.

F21 - New subroutine which will calculate the thermal properties (c_p , ν , k , ρ) of Freon 21 for a given temperature or the integrated value over a range of temperatures.

LIOH - New subroutine which calculates removal efficiency as a function of on-line time, carbon dioxide outlet pressure, water vapor generation, and heat dissipation.

SPLIT - Modified to calculate overall split ratio, as an option, if either primary or secondary exit flow is specified.

SSRAD - New subroutine which calculates effective sink temperature given solar and infra-red heat flux data, computes a fluid to root temperature drop, and determines the outlet fluid temperature. This is a simplified model based upon the equations in Reference 2.

In addition to these modifications many changes, not apparent to the user, have been incorporated into the new master program libraries which improve the efficiency and operation of the G189A program. Also many new subroutines and modifications have been incorporated into the program as a result of inhouse efforts and in conjunction with other NASA contracts. These changes are documented in Addendum No. 1 of this report.

2.6 Task 6 - Establish System Schematic Configurations on Master Programs

The current G189A Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS simulation data are maintained on magnetic tape as described in Section 2.2. The G189A component schematic representation of the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS and a listing of the simulation data are presented in Attachment No. 1 of this report.

2.7 Task 7, Support Special Analyses

A number of special analyses were performed in conjunction with the NASA/JSC Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS Payload Support Study. A summary list of these analyses is provided below.

1. Feasibility of providing separate high and low temperatures radiators to increase payload support capability, Reference 3.
2. Feasibility of placing a low temperature payload heat exchanger in parallel with the ARS interchanger in the freon loop. Determination of minimum cabin air flow and water loop flow requirements and the tradeoffs between flow requirements, heat exchanger size and pumping power, Reference 4.
4. Determination of minimum cabin air, water, and freon loop flow requirements as a function of mission phase. Parametric analyses of high and low temperature payload heat exchanger loop capabilities as a function

of freon flow rate, payload temperature requirements, and heat exchanger effectiveness, Reference 5.

2.8 Task 8, Maintain Status Reports

Weekly written status reports were prepared up through 1 June 1973 at which time this requirement was deleted. Their function was replaced with oral briefings and the monthly activity report. A list of interested G189A program users at key locations was determined and is presented below:

1. Bob Balinkas 203/623-8012
Mail Stop 1A-2-6
Hamilton Standard
Windsor Locks, Connecticut 06096
2. Buford Beadle 205/632-1623
Mail Stop 190
Teledyne-Brown Engr.
Research Park
Huntsville, Alabama 35812
3. Dr. D. E. Cagliostro 415/965-6190
NASA/Ames Research Center
Moffett Field, California 94035
4. Sam Clonts 205/453-3828
S&E-ASTN-PLB-Bldg. 4666
NASA/MSFC
Huntsville, Alabama 35812
5. John Coggi 714/896-3536
A3-253-AJCO-M.S. 13/3
MDAC-West
Huntington Beach, California 92646
6. Ben Fulbright 713/483-6257
Bldg. 16, Mail Code EZ
NASA/JSC
Houston, Texas 77058
7. Jim Jaax 713/483-4941
Bldg. 7, Mail Code EC2
NASA-JSC
Houston, Texas 77058

8. Orin L. Murray 314/232-6742
Dept. E242-Bldg. 106, Level 1, M.S. 68
MDAC-E
Box 516
St. Louis, Mo. 63166
9. Stu Nicol 714/896-2310
A3-253-AJCO-M.S. 14/2
MDAC-West
Huntington Beach, California
10. Woodrow Ryan 205/453-2350
Computer Sciences
8300 Whitesburg Dr.
Huntsville, Alabama 35812
11. Wylie Ward 205/532-1623
Mail Stop 190
Teledyne - Brown Engr.
Research Park
Huntsville, Alabama 35812

2.9 Task 9, Provide Monthly Activity Report

Monthly activity reports documenting the current status of the G189A program and the work performed during each reporting period were prepared and distributed to all interested G189A program users.

2.10 Task 10, Provide Digital Computer Program Requirements

The G189 master program libraries and Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS simulation data are maintained at NASA/JSC, Crew Systems Division, in the form of card decks, magnetic tapes, or permanent files (Section 2.2). Program listings are also maintained at NASA/JSC, Crew Systems Division.

2.11 Task 11, Provide Final Report

This document constitutes the final report for Phase I of this contract.

3.0 CONCLUSIONS

The G189A program configuration control concept has proven to be very effective in organizing and controlling the use and modification of the program and its simulations. Interested users have been determined and communications

between these personnel have been established. This effort has resulted in the orderly development of the program and provides a central focal point for determining program inadequacies and errors, providing consultation and problem solutions, and distributing new updated versions of the program library.

A G189A Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS simulation has been developed and executed satisfactorily (Attachment No. 1). The modelling in this simulation is consistent with the current state of development for the Orbiter EC/LSS. The simulation represents the active freon, water, and gas loops. The heat exchangers, cabins, and radiators currently use steady state solution techniques, however, these components can be easily transformed into transient models as the detailed component designs are established. The current simulation is capable of steady state or transient analysis with respect to heat load and environmental flux variations. Transport lag, thermal capacitance, or pressure drop effects are not included but will be added as the information becomes available. This initial simulation provides a basic building block model which can be easily developed into an accurate simulation of the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS as the hardware development and testing proceeds.

REFERENCES

- 1.0 Barker, R. S.; Blakely, R. L.; Hamill, T. D.; Nicol, S. W.;
G189A Generalized Environmental/Thermal Control and Life Support
Systems Computer Program Program Manual; McDonnell Douglas
Astronautics Company Report MDAC-G2444, September 1971
- 2.0 Anderson, A. J., et. al., Radiator Design for Space Vehicles,
AiResearch Report No. MS-AP-0069, 1963.
- 3.0 Status reports for the weeks ending 5/11, 5/18, 5/25 and 6/1/73
on contract NAS9-13404.
- 4.0 Fifth Monthly Activity Report, 2 September 1973, contract NAS9-13404.
- 5.0 Sixth Monthly Activity Report, 15 October 1973, contract NAS9-13404.

ATTACHMENT NO. 1

G189A SIMULATION OF THE SHUTTLE ORBITER EC/LSS

Attachment No. 1

1.0 INTRODUCTION

A G189A simulation of the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS was prepared under phase I of contract NAS9-13404, Generalized Environmental Control and Life Support System Computer Program (G189A) Configuration Control. This attachment describes the current status of the simulation model and presents some computed results obtained from the model.

2.0 SIMULATION MODEL DESCRIPTION

A G189A simulation of the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS has been developed and successfully executed. The simulation is being constantly modified to bring it into agreement with the current baseline or special study configuration. The model discussed in this attachment was prepared for a special payload support capability study.

The modelling detail used in this simulation is consistent with the current state of development for the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS. The simulation is being used to study the effects of varying heat loads, flow rates, heat exchanger sizes, and system configurations. Therefore, the current model simulates only the primary flow stream circuits for the cabin gas, avionic bay gas, water, and freon loops. The simulation is set up to run steady state or transient cases, however, steady state solutions are used for all components. The G189A program allows the option of using steady state solutions for each piece of equipment modelled. As the EC/LSS development evolves and the various equipment sizes and weights become well defined these data can be easily added to the simulation, without program modification, such that a true transient solution can be obtained.

A G189A simulation of an EC/LSS is prepared by representing each piece of equipment or system with a G189A component subroutine that is available in the G189A program library (Reference 1 of the Final Report). The flow path connections and order of solution are specified as input data to the

Attachment No. 1

program. Figures 1-4 present schematics of the G189A components used to represent a Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS configuration used for a payload support capability study.

Figure 1 presents the G189A component schematic used to simulate the cabin gas and avionic bays gas loops. Each piece of equipment (heat exchanger, compartment, fan, duct tee, etc.) is represented by a component and assigned an arbitrary but unique component number. Each G189A component is allowed to have two separate flow stream connections: (1) a primary flow stream, indicated by a "P" on the schematics, and (2) a secondary flow stream, indicated by an "S" on the schematics. These designations are required for preparation of the G189A simulation model data.

Figure 2 presents the G189A component schematic used to represent the Atmospheric Revitalization System (ARS) water loop; Figure 3, the freon loop exclusive of the radiator system; and Figure 4, the radiator system. Figure 4 contains a G189A component, 113, which does not represent a physical piece of hardware. This component subroutine, FLØMET, is used to determine the integrated average heat rejection rate and outlet temperature provided by the radiator system during a transient run.

The G189A simulation data required for the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS is presented as Card Listing No. 1 of this attachment. The first page of this listing contains case data required for this simulation model which was prepared to represent a seven man on-orbit simulation with maximum payload heat input (8.5 kw). The second page begins with a listing of G189A comment (IDXX) cards for component number 1 which were used to document pertinent design data for the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS and their references. These cards are followed by the detailed component and table data required for the G189A simulation. The component data are grouped by component number which appears in the second column of the card listing data. Table data are grouped in a similar manner by table number which is arbitrarily assigned

Attachment No. 1

by the user. The input data cards are annotated so that the user can easily identify the required input data. (Reference 1 of the Final Report describes the input data requirements and formats in detail.)

The G189A program allows the user an opportunity to modify his input basic case simulation data (Card Listing No. 1) during the system analysis solution. Two subroutines, GPØLY1 and GPØLY2, provide this capability. The G189A program proceeds through its system analysis by solving components in a given order (the solution path) specified by the user. Subroutine GPØLY1 is called prior to a component's solution and subroutine GPØLY2 is called after a component's solution but before its computed data are stored. These subroutines allow the user an opportunity to modify and examine a components' input data prior to its solution and also an opportunity to modify and examine the computed results before they are stored. Card Listing No. 2 of the attachment contains the GPØLY1 Fortran statements used for the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS simulation under discussion. Card Listing No. 3 contains the required GPØLY2 Fortran statements. Comment cards have been inserted to describe the operations being performed.

The GPØLY1 logic is used to set up the component heat loads, to specify the gas leakage rate to the avionics bay, and to simulate the operation of the cabin temperature control valve. The heat load data for each component are input as table data with heat load being a function of mission phase. A table of mission phase versus mission time is also input in the basic case simulation data (Card Listing No. 1). The first block of GPØLY1 logic determines the current mission phase. If this phase is identical to the previously determined mission phase then the heat load data do not require updating and that logic is skipped. As mentioned previously, the simulation model discussed in this attachment has been modified to perform a special payload capability analysis for a seven man crew (3 men in the payload compartment) on-orbit case with maximum payload heat production (8.5 kw). Therefore, the heat load logic of GPØLY1 has been modified to

Attachment No. 1

override the table data heat load values and to store the heat load data specified for the special payload capability case. An example of this modification can be observed by examining the second block of GPØLY1 logic labelled "FIND MAIN CABIN HEAT LOAD". The first Fortran statement in this logic reads table 1002 to determine the cabin heat load, QCAB. This value is subsequently modified to the correct value for the special study case, QCAB=5306. The last statement in the logic block stores this value in the V array reference location number 66 of component number 2. The remaining heat load calculations are modified in a similar manner.

The GPØLY1 logic block following Fortran statement lable number 3, near the end of the listing, is entered when the current component being solved is component number 3, N=3. This logic block determines the total outboard gas leakage rate from the main cabin to the avionics bay which is set to 0.125 lb/hr for this case. The next logic block determines the payload compartment gas flow requirement which is set to 48 cfm. The last block of logic simulates the cabin temperature control valve operation and determines the split ratio for component number 86 (Figure 1) required to control the cabin temperature to TSET=70°F. This logic was overridden for this simulation such that all of the gas flow would be directed through the cabin heat exchanger and the minimum cabin temperature could be determined.

The GPØLY2 logic (Card Listing No. 3) consists of only one card for this simulation. When the current component number being solved is the payload compartment, N=82, then the gas temperature leaving the payload compartment, R(2), is set to 75.0°F. This logic was required for the special payload capability study and is not used normally.

The combination of the basic case simulation data (Card Listing No. 1), the Fortran subroutine GPØLY1 logic (Card Listing No. 2), and the Fortran subroutine GPØLY2 logic (Card Listing No. 3) comprises the special payload capability study simulation model of the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS used for

the seven man, on-orbit, maximum payload heat case. The results of this case and three others set up for a payload capability study are discussed in the following section.

3.0 COMPUTED RESULTS

The seven-man, on-orbit, maximum payload heat simulation model described in Section 2.0 was run and the computed results are summarized in Figure 5. Figure 5 contains a schematic drawing of the cabin and avionics bays gas loops, the ARS water loop (shown as dotted lines), and a portion of the freon loop. For this simulation the freon inlet temperature to the ARS interchanger and low temperature payload was set to 40°F as a boundary condition and the radiator system portion of the simulation model was excluded from the solution path. Figure 1 indicates the heat loads, flows, and heat exchanger UA's used to compute the fluid temperatures indicated on the schematic. The sensible and latent heat generated by the crew and the operation of the lithium hydroxide beds were computed by the metabolic man and lithium hydroxide component subroutines present in the G189A program library. The other heat loads, exclusive of the computed heat exchanger heat transfer rates, were input via component simulation model data or GPØLY logic. The cabin gas fan flow was set at 317 cfm and avionics bay fan flows were set at 200 cfm each.

The purpose of running the seven man, on-orbit, maximum payload heat case shown in Figure 1 was to determine if the main cabin temperature could be controlled to 75°F, to determine the freon supply and return temperatures for the high and low temperature payload loops, and to determine any other temperature critical components for the set of imposed heat loads and flows. The simulation model predicted a cabin temperature of 74.5°F with a dew point of 56.0°F, a low temperature payload coolant supply temperature of 45.3°F with a return temperature of 103.8°F, and a high temperature payload coolant supply temperature of 96.0°F with a return temperature of 106.6°F.

Attachment No. 1

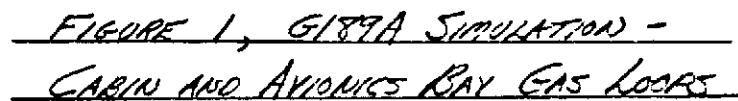
The computed results for three other cases are summarized in a similar manner on Figures 6, 7, and 8. The payload gas flow is set to zero cfm for all of these cases. Figure 6 shows the results of a four man, on-orbit, no space lab case with the total freon flow set at 2903 lb/hr and a water loop flow of 600 lb/hr. The cabin air temperature could be lowered to 68.5°F if desired and the low temperature payload coolant supply temperature of 41.1°F could be maintained with a return temperature of 88.9°F.

Figure 7 depicts the results of a seven man launch/reentry case with the total freon flow set to 3301 lb/hr and a water flow of 700 lb/hr. The results indicate that the main cabin could be lowered to 71.2°F and the low temperature payload coolant supply and return temperatures would be 41.1°F and 82.2°F respectively. These payload coolant temperatures are different from those in Figure 6 due to the difference in freon flows through the low temperature payload heat exchanger.

Figure 8 presents the results of a case similar to that shown in Figure 7 except that there are only four men present in the cabin. These results indicate that the main cabin temperature could be lowered to 68.1°F if desired.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The basic case simulation model of the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS was developed and successfully used in a series of payload capability studies during phase I of contract NAS9-13404. The simulation provides a valuable analytical tool which can be easily used to study component placement or substitution, heat load variations and timelines, fluid flow variations, etc. Only the primary fluid circuits of the Shuttle Orbiter EC/LSS and the steady state characteristics of the components are currently modelled. As the EC/LSS development proceeds the simulation should be expanded to represent the transient characteristics of each component, to incorporate their pressure drop characteristics, and to incorporate the secondary fluid circuits.



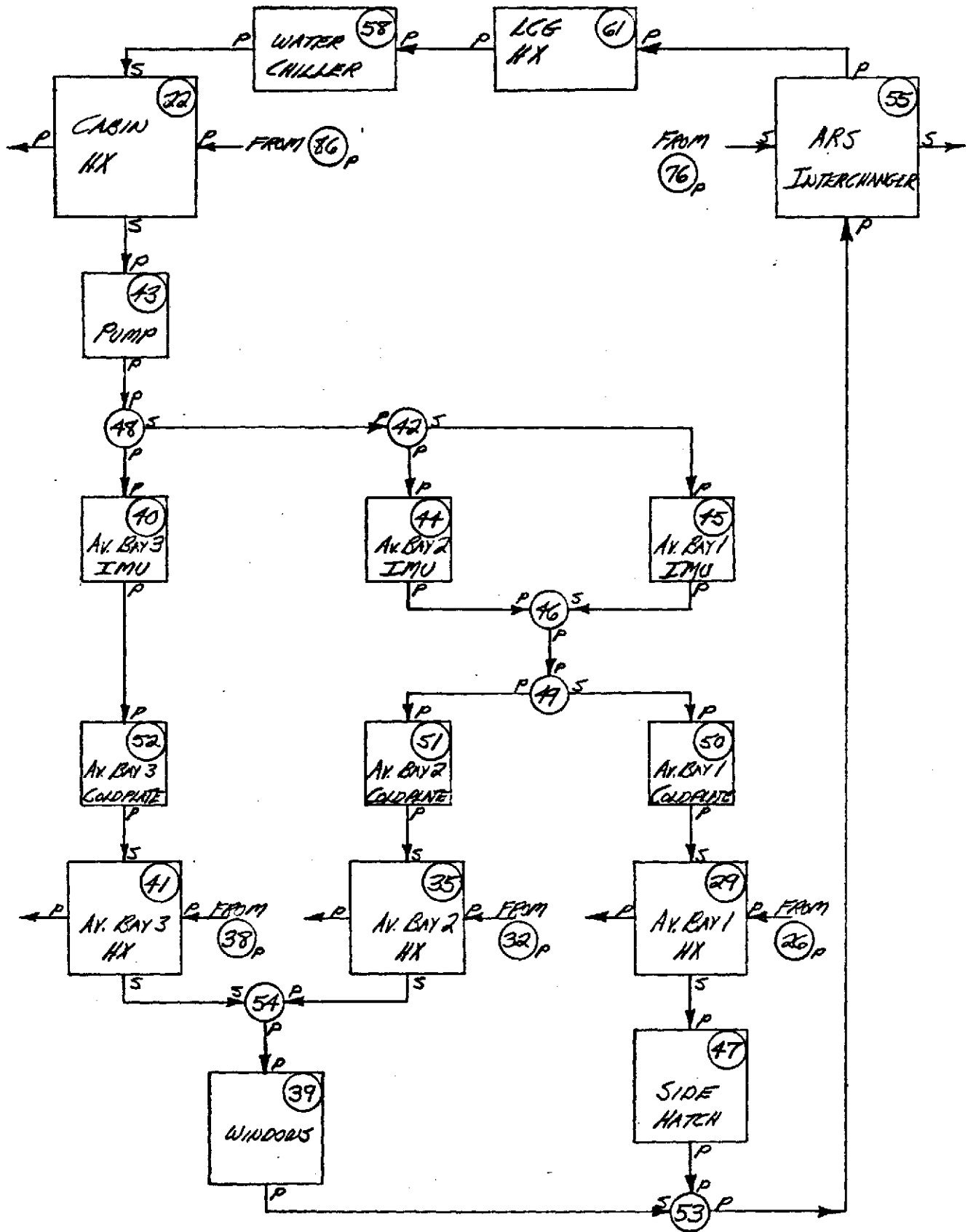


FIGURE 2, G189A SIMULATION -
ARS COOLANT WATER LOOP

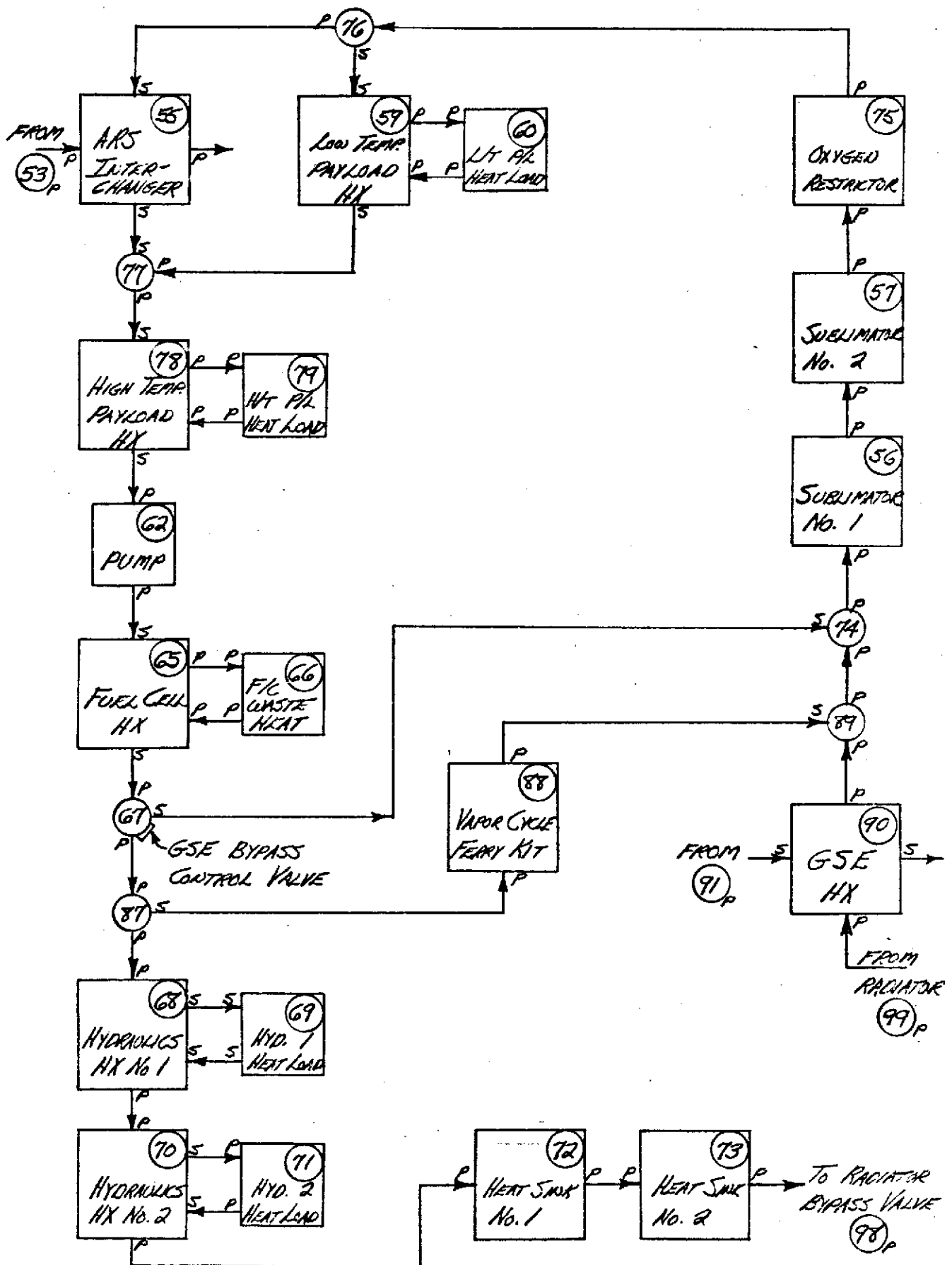


FIGURE 3, G/89A SIMULATION -
FREON LOOP

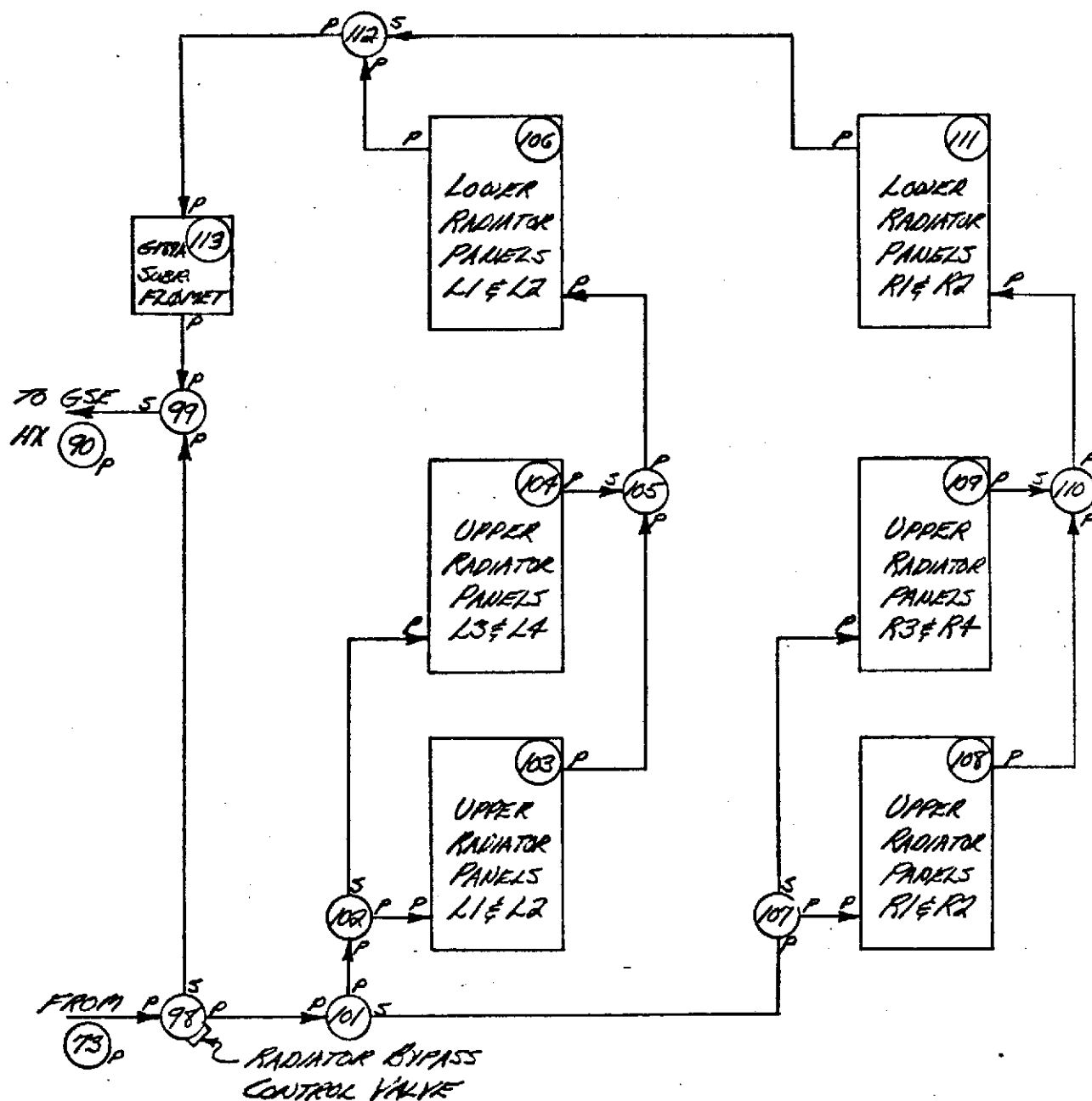


FIGURE 4. G189A SIMULATION -
RADIATOR SYSTEM

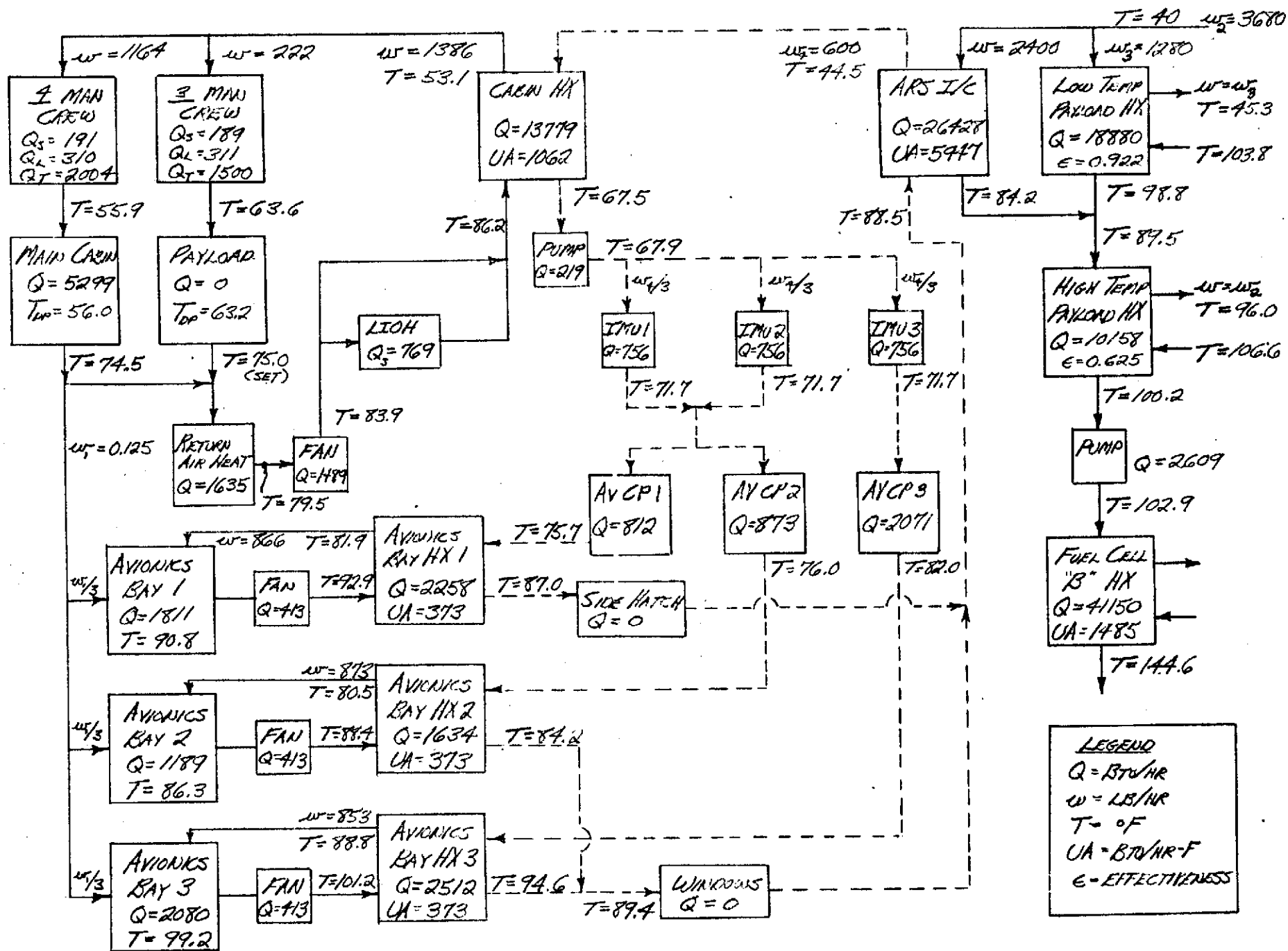


FIGURE 5 - 7 MAN ON-ORBIT, MAX PAYLOAD HEAT

FIGURE 6 - 4 MAN CO-ORIENTED, NO SPACE LAB

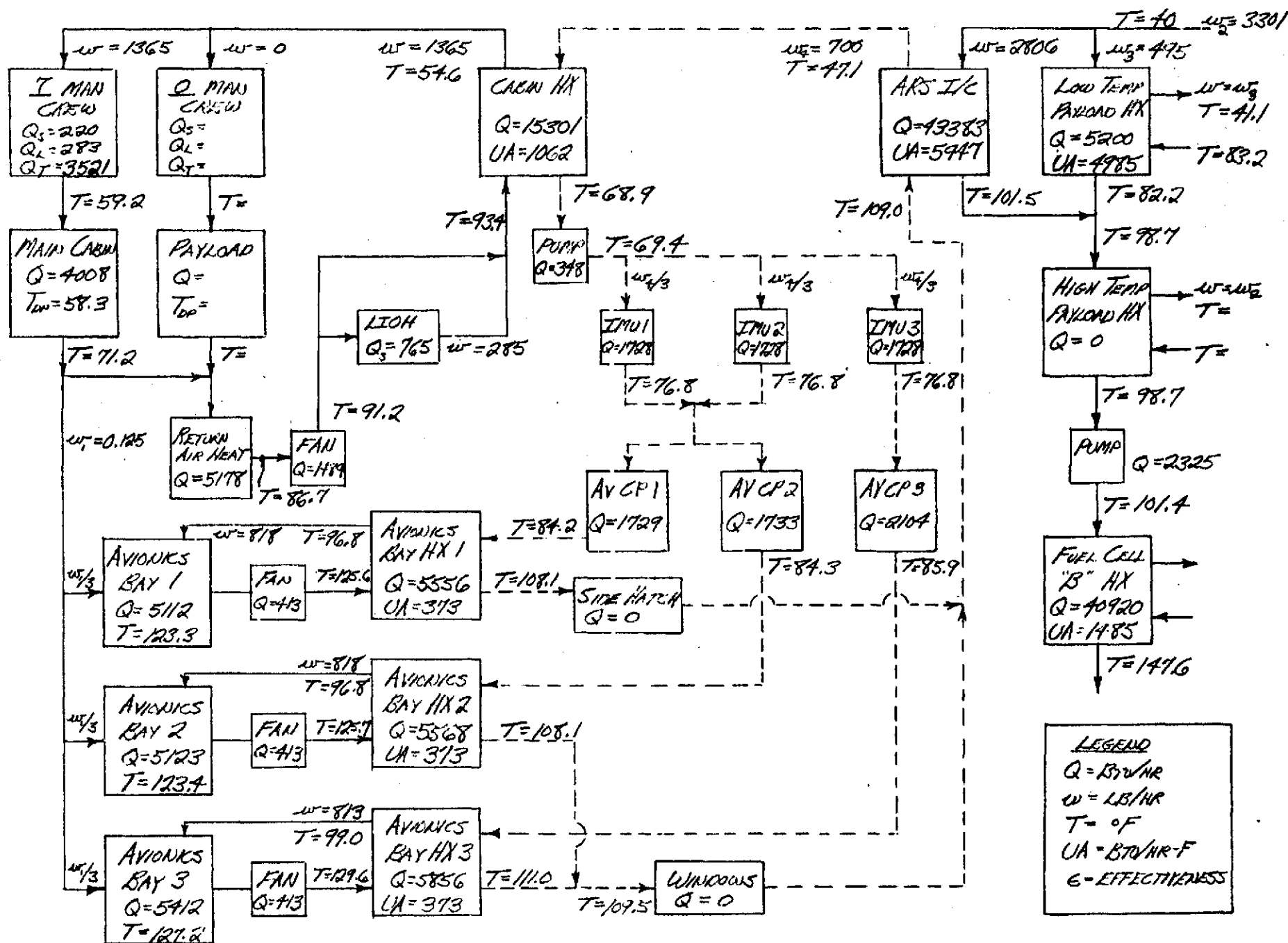


FIGURE 7 - 7 MAN LAUNCH/REENTRY

CARD LISTING NO. 1

DATA DECK FOR G189A SHUTTLE

ORBITER EC/LSS SIMULATION

INPUT CARD IMAGES LISTED BELOW

```

TAPE          TOUT
BASIC         1      117      76          YEA      MAY
CASE          G189A SHUTTLE ECLSS AND ATCS SIMULATION  7 MAN ON ORBITMAX P/L Q
$CASE1
  KRUN=4,
  KCHOUT=1, KPRNT=6, KPTINV(1)=1, MAXSLP=4, MINSSI=2, KRUN=1, DTIME=30.,
  TIMEHX=360., MAXSSI=5, TMAX=250., TMIN=-20., WTMX=1.E6,
    TIMEHX =3500.0,
    DTIME =60.0  ,
  TMIN = -200.0,
    KPTINV(2) =5 ,
  DTIME=235.8, TIMEHX=107524.8,
  TIMEHX=6000., DTIME=120.,
  KRUN=0,
  MAXSSI=12, MINSSI=4,
  KCHOUT=0,
  TMAX = 250.0  $
$PROP1
  CP(1)=1., RHO(1)=62.4, VISC(1)=2.42, WTM(1)=18., XK(1)=0.34,
  CP(2)=.248, RHO(2)=86.8, VISC(2)=.822, WTM(2) =102.9, XK(2)=.0612,
  CP(3)=0.27, RHO(3)=116.0, VISC(3)=5.81, WTM(3)=000.0, XK(3)=0.038,
  CP(4)=0.56, RHO(4)=51.8, VISC(4)=10.2, WTM(4)=000.0, XK(4)=0.066,
  CP(5)=0.72, RHO(5)=68.4, VISC(5)=0.007, WTM(5)=000.0, XK(5)=0.275,
  CCONL=1., CCONV=0.44, CPO2=0.2, CPDIL=0.25, CPOXY=0.22, CPTC=0.2,
  GAMGAS=1.4, VISGAS=0.44, WTMCON=18., WTM DIL=28., WTMTC=20.,
  XKGAS=0.146 $

```

ID** 1 50 FLUID TYPE CODES --
 ID** 1 51 1 = WATER
 ID** 1 52 2 = FREON 21
 ID** 1 53 3 = FC-40
 ID** 1 54 4 = HYDRAULIC FLUID
 ID** 1 55 5 = GSE GLYCOL/WATER
 ID** 1 99
 ID** 1 100 RISD - ATMOSPHERIC REVITALIZATION REQUIREMENTS - SRK CONFIG- 7/23/73
 ID** 1 101 1. CABIN AIR TEMPS, 65-80 F DB, 39-61 F DP
 ID** 1 102 A. TMAX=70 F DB, 61 F DP FOR 4 MEN AT MAX METABOLIC RATES
 ID** 1 103 AND MAX HEAT LOADS (EXCEPT FOR REENTRY PHASE)
 ID** 1 104 B. TMAX=80 F DB, 61 F DP FOR 10 MEN AT NOMINAL METABOLIC
 ID** 1 105 RATES AND MAX HEAT LOADS (EXCEPT FOR REENTRY PHASE)
 ID** 1 106 C. TMAX=90 F DB DURING ENTRY, TOUCHDOWN, AND TD+15 MIN.
 ID** 1 107 D. TEMP SELECTABLE WITHIN + OR - 2 F DURING ORBITAL
 ID** 1 108 PHASES WITH 4 MEN
 ID** 1 120 2. CABIN GAS PRESSURES
 ID** 1 121 A. 14.7 PSIA +/-2 TOTAL PRESSURE (13.9 PSIA DURING AIRL)
 ID** 1 122 MAKEUP GAS= 7 LB/DAY FOR STURTURE AND METABOLIC
 ID** 1 123 = 3 LB/DAY FOR AVIONICS BAY PURGE
 ID** 1 124 B. OXYGEN PRESSURE = 3.1 PSIA +/-1 (MINIMUM OF 2.75 PSIA
 ID** 1 125 DURING REPRESSURIZATION)
 ID** 1 126 C. CO2 PRESSURE = 0-7.6 MM HG (5.0 MM HG NOMINAL)
 ID** 1 130 3. COLD PLATE EQUIPMENT TEMP = 35-120 F
 ID** 1 140 4. AIR COOLED AVIONICS HX GAS TEMP = 100 F IN OR 130 F OUT
 ID** 1 150 5. PAYLOAD SUPPORT
 ID** 1 151 A. CABIN
 ID** 1 152 1000 BTU/HR FROM PAYLOAD CONSOLE
 ID** 1 153 METABOLIC HEAT AND CO2 FOR 4 MEN
 ID** 1 154 B. PAYLOAD MODULE
 ID** 1 155 40 CFM NOMINAL AT 50 F NOMINAL
 ID** 1 156 MAINTAIN HABITABLE PRESSURE AND GAS COMPOSITION
 ID** 1 160 6. STRUCTURAL HEAT LOSS/GAIN
 ID** 1 161 MAX GAIN = 1700 BTU/HR DURING NON-ORBIT PHASES
 ID** 1 162 = 6500 BTU/HR DURING ENTRY TO TD + 15 MIN
 ID** 1 163 MAX LOSS = -4600 BTU/HR DURING ORBITAL PHASES
 ID** 1 170 7. AVIONICS BAY
 ID** 1 171 PRESSURE = CABIN P +/- 0.4 PSIA
 ID** 1 172 (= CABIN P +/- 0.6 PSIA DURING FIRE SUPPRESSION OR
 ID** 1 173 AIR LOCK PRESSURIZATION)
 ID** 1 180 8. L10H CAPABILITY
 ID** 1 181 10 MEN AT 2.11 LB CO2/DAY OR
 ID** 1 182 4 MEN AT 2.58 LB CO2/DAY TO MAINTAIN PPLO2 LIMITS
 ID** 1 190 9. CABIN HX GAS SUPPLY = 50 F DB, 50 F DP
 ID** 1 200 10. CABIN WALL TEMP .GT. CABIN GAS TEMP FOR ALL PRESSURIZED COMP
 ID** 1 210 11. ON-ORBIT STURTURAL HEAT LOSS SHALL BE ACCOMODATED FOR BY
 ID** 1 211 A 1.0 KW HEATER
 ID** 1 299
 ID** 1 300 RISD - ACTIVE THERMAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS- SRK CONFIG- 7/23/73
 ID** 1 310 1. RADIATORS (12 MODULAR STAGNATION TYPE PANELS, 8 UP, 4 DOWN)
 ID** 1 311 QREJECT = 7000-75000 BTU/HR FOR ANY ATTITUDE FROM
 ID** 1 312 100000 FT TO 100-270 NAUTICAL MILE ORBIT

VARY	2	127	N-C ADDITION RATE (LB/HR)			
VARY	2	128	COND. VAPOR ADDITION RATE (LB/HR)			
VARY	2	129	COND ENTRAINED LIQUID ADDITION RATE (LB/HR)			
VARY	2	134 0.2	SPECIFIC HEAT OF N-C ADDED (BTU/LB-F)			
ID**	3	0	SPLIT - MAIN CABIN LEAKAGE TO AVIONICS BAYS			
KBAS	3	0 10	2 2	2	4	2
NSTR	3	002	SPECIFY R(20) IN GPOLY - CALC R(65)			
VARY	3	20	MAX LEAKAGE TO AV BAYS 1-3 (LB/HR) - 3 LB/DAY ROD/SRR			
ID**	4	0	SPLIT - (AVIONICS BAY NO. 1 GAS SUPPLY)			
KBAS	4	0 10	-3 2	2	5	2
NSTR	4	00	INPUT UNIVERSAL SPLIT RATIO			
VARY	4	65 .6666666666	SPLIT RATIO TO AVIONICS BAYS 2 AND 3			
ID**	5	0	SPLIT - (AVIONICS BAY NOS. 2 AND 3 GAS SUPPLIES)			
KBAS	5	0 10	-4 2	2	83	2
NSTR	5	00	INPUT UNIVERSAL SPLIT RATIO			
VARY	5	65 .5	SPLIT RATIO TO AVIONIC BAY 3			
ID**	8	0	MAIN CABIN FANS (3)			
KBAS	8	0 23	84 2		13	2
NSTR	8	01	INPUT HEAT ADDITION DUE TO FAN + CFM			
VARY	8	76 317.0	FAN VOLUMETRIC FLOW (CFM)			
VARY	8	91 436.3	FAN HEAT ADDITION (WATTS)			FE
ID**	13	0	SPLIT - (L10H BEDS BYPASS)			
KBAS	13	0 10	8 2	2	15	2
NSTR	13	00	INPUT UNIV SPLIT RATIO			
VARY	13	65 0.792	L10H BEDS BYPASS GAS FLOW RATIO			
ID**	15	0	SPLIT - (L10H BED INTERNAL BYPASS)			
KBAS	15	0 10	13 2	2	17	2
NSTR	15	00	INPUT UNIV SPLIT RATIO			
VARY	15	65 0.0	SPLIT RATIO - L10H 1 BYPASS			
ID**	17	0	L10H BEDS			
KBAS	17	0 63	15 2		19	2
NSTR	17	01	1	REMOVE ALL TRACE CONTAMINANTS - SS SOLUTION		
VARY	17	66 0.95	CO2 REMOVAL EFFICIENCY CONSTANT - C1			
VARY	17	67 0.0	CO2 REMOVAL EFFICIENCY CONSTANT - C2			
VARY	17	68 875.0	HEAT OF REACTION FOR CO2 (BTU/LB CO2)			
ID**	19	0	GASMIX - (L10H BED INTERNAL BYPASS)			
KBAS	19	0 6	17 2	15	85	2
ID**	22	0	MAIN CABIN CONDENSING HX			
KBAS	22	0 4	86 2	-58 0 1	23	2
NSTR	22	0200000100	1	COUNTERFLOW, REMOVE ALL COND H2O, SS MODEL		
VARY	22	66 1062.	OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F)			
ID**	23	0	GASMIX - (CABIN TEMP CONTROL VALVE BYPASS)			
KBAS	23	0 6	22 2	86	80	2
ID**	24	0	AVIONICS BAY 1 - AIR COOLED AVIONICS COMPARTMENT			
KBAS	24	0 1 20	29 2	-4	32	24
NSTR	24	0021100010	2 RESETS, CARRY ENTRAINED WATER			
VARY	24	2 85.0	AVIONICS BAY 1 - TEMP (F)			

VARY	24	3	14.3	4	AVIONICS BAY 1 - PRES (PSIA)				RDD/SRR
VARY	24	6	7.5		AVIONICS BAY 1 - COND VAPOR (LB/HR)				PRR
VARY	24	10	749.7		AVIONICS BAY 1 - O2 FLOW (LB/HR)				PRR
VARY	24	11	749.7		AVIONICS BAY 1 - N2 FLOW (LB/HR)				PRR
VARY	24	12	10.0		AVIONICS BAY 1 - CO2 FLOW (LB/HR)				PRR
VARY	24	66			HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY				
VARY	24	87	85.0		AVIONICS BAY 1 - DESIGN GAS TEMP (F)				
VARY	24	88	45.0		AVIONICS BAY 1 - DESIGN GAS TEMP TOL (F)				
VARY	24	90	14.3		AVIONICS BAY 1 - DESIGN TOTAL PRESS (PSIA)				
VARY	24	91	14.3		AVIONICS BAY 1 - DESIGN TOTAL PRESS TOL (PSIA)				
VARY	24	92	3.0		AVIONICS BAY 1 - DESIGN O2 PRESS (PSIA)				
VARY	24	93	3.0		AVIONICS BAY 1 - DESIGN O2 PRESS TOL (PSIA)				
VARY	24	96	50.0		AVIONICS BAY 1 - DESIGN DEW POINT TEMP (F)				
VARY	24	97	11.0		AVIONICS BAY 1 - DESIGN DEW POINT TEMP TOL (F)				
VARY	24	99	7.6		AVIONICS BAY 1 - MAX CO2 PRES (MM HG)				
VARY	24	101	250.0		AVIONICS BAY 1 - MAX TRACE CONT LEVEL (PPM)				
VARY	24	122	0.04167		AVIONICS BAY 1 - LEAKAGE (LB/HR) - 1 LB/DAY				RDD/SRR
ID**	26	0			AVIONICS BAY 1 - FANS (2)				
KBAS	26	0	23	24	2			29	24
NSTR	26	01				INPUT HEAT ADDITION DUE TO FAN + CFM			
VARY	26	76	200.0			FAN VOLUMETRIC FLOW (CFM)			
VARY	26	91	121.0			FAN HEAT ADDITION (WATTS)			FE
KBAS	29	0	4	26	2		-50 0 1	24	24
NSTR	29	0200000100				COUNTERFLOW, SS MODEL			
VARY	29	66	373.0			OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F)			FE
ID**	30	0			AVIONICS BAY 2 - AIR COOLED AVIONICS COMPARTMENT				
KBAS	30	0	1 20	35	2		-5	38	30
NSTR	30	0021100010				2 RESETS, CARRY ENTRAINED WATER			
VARY	30	2	85.0			AVIONICS BAY 2 - TEMP (F)			
VARY	30	3	14.3	4	AVIONICS BAY 2 - PRES (PSIA)				RDD/SRR
VARY	30	6	7.5		AVIONICS BAY 2 - COND VAPOR (LB/HR)				PRR
VARY	30	10	749.7		AVIONICS BAY 2 - O2 FLOW (LB/HR)				PRR
VARY	30	11	749.7		AVIONICS BAY 2 - N2 FLOW (LB/HR)				PRR
VARY	30	12	10.0		AVIONICS BAY 2 - CO2 FLOW (LB/HR)				PRR
VARY	30	66			HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY				
VARY	30	87	85.0		AVIONICS BAY 2 - DESIGN GAS TEMP (F)				
VARY	30	88	45.0		AVIONICS BAY 2 - DESIGN GAS TEMP TOL (F)				
VARY	30	90	14.3		AVIONICS BAY 2 - DESIGN TOTAL PRESS (PSIA)				
VARY	30	91	14.3		AVIONICS BAY 2 - DESIGN TOTAL PRESS TOL (PSIA)				
VARY	30	92	3.0		AVIONICS BAY 2 - DESIGN O2 PRESS (PSIA)				
VARY	30	93	3.0		AVIONICS BAY 2 - DESIGN O2 PRESS TOL (PSIA)				
VARY	30	96	50.0		AVIONICS BAY 2 - DESIGN DEW POINT TEMP (F)				
VARY	30	97	11.0		AVIONICS BAY 2 - DESIGN DEW POINT TEMP TOL (F)				
VARY	30	99	7.6		AVIONICS BAY 2 - MAX CO2 PRES (MM HG)				
VARY	30	101	250.0		AVIONICS BAY 2 - MAX TRACE CONT LEVEL (PPM)				
VARY	30	122	0.04167		AVIONICS BAY 2 - LEAKAGE (LB/HR) - 1 LB/DAY				RDD/SRR
ID**	32	0			AVIONICS BAY 2 - FANS (2)				
KBAS	32	0	23	30	2			35	30
NSTR	32	01				INPUT HEAT ADDITION DUE TO FAN + CFM			
VARY	32	76	200.0			FAN VOLUMETRIC FLOW (CFM)			
VARY	32	91	121.0			FAN HEAT ADDITION (WATTS)			FE
ID**	35	0			AVIONICS BAY 2 - GAS/LIQ HX				
KBAS	35	0	4	32	2		-51 0 1	30	30

NSTR	35	0200000100	COUNTERFLOW, SS MODEL			
VARY	35	66 373.0	OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F)			FE
ID**	36	0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - AIR COOLED AVIONICS COMPARTMENT			
KBAS	36	0 1 20	41 2	5	54	36
NSTR	36	0021100010	2 RESETS, CARRY ENTRAINED WATER			
VARY	36	2 85.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - TEMP (F)			
VARY	36	3 14.3	4	AVIONICS BAY 3 - PRES (PSIA) RDD/SRR		
VARY	36	6 7.5	AVIONICS BAY 3 - COND VAPOR (LB/HR) PRK			
VARY	36	10 749.7	AVIONICS BAY 3 - O2 FLOW (LB/HR) PRK			
VARY	36	11 749.7	AVIONICS BAY 3 - N2 FLOW (LB/HR) PRK			
VARY	36	12 10.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - CO2 FLOW (LB/HR) PRK			
VARY	36	66	HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY			
VARY	36	87 85.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - DESIGN GAS TEMP (F)			
VARY	36	88 45.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - DESIGN GAS TEMP TOL (F)			
VARY	36	90 14.3	AVIONICS BAY 3 - DESIGN TOTAL PRESS (PSIA)			
VARY	36	91 14.3	AVIONICS BAY 3 - DESIGN TOTAL PRESS TOL (PSIA)			
VARY	36	92 3.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - DESIGN O2 PRESS (PSIA)			
VARY	36	93 3.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - DESIGN O2 PRESS TOL (PSIA)			
VARY	36	96 50.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - DESIGN DEW POINT TEMP (F)			
VARY	36	97 11.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - DESIGN DEW POINT TEMP TOL (F)			
VARY	36	99 7.6	AVIONICS BAY 3 - MAX CO2 PRES (MM HG)			
VARY	36	101 250.0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - MAX TRACE CONT LEVEL (PPM)			
VARY	36	122 0.04167	AVIONICS BAY 3 - LEAKAGE (LB/HR) - 1 LB/DAY RDD/SRR			
ID**	38	0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - FANS (2)			
KBAS	38	0 23	36 2		41	36
NSTR	38	01	INPUT HEAT ADDITION DUE TO FAN + CFM			
VARY	38	76 200.0	FAN VOLUMETRIC FLOW (CFM)			
VARY	38	91 121.0	FAN HEAT ADDITION (WATTS)			
ID**	39	0	WINDOW PANELS			
KBAS	39	0 49	54	1	47	
NSTR	39	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD			
VARY	39	65	HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY			
ID**	40	0	IMU - BAY 3 CIRCUIT			
KBAS	40	0 49	48	1	52	
NSTR	40	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD			
VARY	40	65	HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY			
ID**	41	0	AVIONICS BAY 3 - GAS/LIQ HX			
KBAS	41	0 4	38 2	-52 0 1	36	36
NSTR	41	0200000100	COUNTERFLOW, SS MODEL			
VARY	41	66 373.0	OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F) FE			
ID**	42	0	SPLIT - (IMU BAY 1 AND IMU BAY 2 CIRCUIT)			
KBAS	42	0 10	-48	1	44	
VARY	42	65 .5	SPLIT RATIO TO IMU BAY 1 CIRCUIT			
ID**	43	0	WATER LOOP PUMPS (2)			
KBAS	43	0 22	-22	1	48	2
NSTR	43	00002	INPUT HEAT ADDITION DUE TO PUMP			
VARY	43	80	PUMP VOLUMETRIC FLOW (CFM)			
VARY	43	85 64.17	PUMP HEAT ADDITION (WATTS)			
ID**	44	0	IMU - BAY 2 CIRCUIT			
KBAS	44	0 49	42	1	45	

NSTR	44	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD				
VARY	44	65	HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY				
ID**	45	0	IMU - BAY 1 CIRCUIT				
KBAS	45	0 49	-42	1		46	
NSTR	45	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD				
VARY	45	65	HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY				
ID**	46	0	LIQMIX - (IMU BAY 1 AND IMU BAY 2 CIRCUITS)				
KBAS	46	0 7	44	1	-45	49	
ID**	47	0	SIDE HATCH PANELS				
KBAS	47	0 49	-29	1		53 2	
NSTR	47	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD				
VARY	47	65	HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY				
ID**	48	0	SPLIT - (IMU BAY 3 CIRCUIT)				
KBAS	48	0 10	43	1	1	40	
NSTR	48	00	INPUT UNIV SPLIT RATIO				
VARY	48	65 .666666667	SPLIT RATIO - FLOW TO COLDPLATES AV-1, AV-2				
ID**	49	0	SPLIT - (AVIONICS COLDPLATES AV-1 AND AV-2)				
KBAS	49	0 10	46	1	1	50	
NSTR	49	00	INPUT UNIV SPLIT RATIO				
VARY	49	65 .5	SPLIT RATIO TO AVIONIC BAY 1 COLDPLATES				
ID**	50	0	AVIONICS BAY 1 COLDPLATES, AV-1				
KBAS	50	0 8	-49	1		51	
NSTR	50	00	NO TEMP TEST FOR FAILURES				
VARY	50	51 60.0	ELEC TEMP (F)				
VARY	50	66	ELEC HEAT DISP - CALC IN GPOLY (WATTS)				
VARY	50	67 1.0	E6	CP ELEC - CP CONTACT COND (BTU/HR-F)			
ID**	51	0	AVIONICS BAY 2 COLDPLATES, AV-2				
KBAS	51	0 8	49	1		26	
NSTR	51	00	NO TEMP TEST FOR FAILURES				
VARY	51	51 60.0	ELEC TEMP (F)				
VARY	51	66	ELEC HEAT DISP - CALC IN GPOLY (WATTS)				
VARY	51	67 1.0	E6	CP ELEC - CP CONTACT COND (BTU/HR-F)			
ID**	52	0	AVIONICS BAY 3 COLDPLATES, AV-3				
KBAS	52	0 8	40	1		42	
NSTR	52	00	NO TEMP TEST FOR FAILURES				
VARY	52	51 60.0	ELEC TEMP (F)				
VARY	52	66	ELEC HEAT DISP - CALC IN GPOLY (WATTS)				
VARY	52	67 1.0	E6	CP ELEC - CP CONTACT COND (BTU/HR-F)			
ID**	53	0	LIQMIX - AVIONIC BAY HXS 1, 2, AND 3				
KBAS	53	0 7	47	1	-39	55	
ID**	54	0	LIQMIX - AVIONIC BAY HXS 2 AND 3				
KBAS	54	0 7	-35	1	41	39	
ID**	55	0	WATER/FREON INTERCHANGER HX				
KBAS	55	0 4	53	1	-76 2	61	
NSTR	55	0200020100	COUNTERFLOW, LIQ-LIQ, SS MODEL				
VARY	55	66 5947.0	OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F)				

FE

ID**	56	0 WATER SUHLIMATOR 1				
KBAS	56	0 49	74	2	57	
NSTR	56	00	PASS TEMP AND FLOW			
ID**	57	0 WATER SUBLIMATOR 2				
KBAS	57	0 49	56	2	75	
NSTR	57	00	PASS TEMP AND FLOW			
ID**	58	0 POTABLE WATER CHILLER				
KBAS	58	0 49	61	1	60	
NSTR	58	00	PASS TEMP AND FLOW			
VARY	58	1 600.0	H2O FLOW (LB/HR)			
VARY	58	2 45.0	TEMP (F)			
VARY	58	3 80.0	4 PRESSURE (PSIA)			
					OFCL	
ID**	59	0 LOW TEMP PAYLOAD HX				
KBAS	59	0 4	60	2	77	
NSTR	59	0000020100	CENTFLOW, LIQ-LIQ, SS MODEL			
VARY	59	1 1280.	FREON FLOW (LB/HR)			
VARY	59	2 45.0	TEMP (F)			
VARY	59	3 90.0	4 PRESS (PSIA)			
VARY	59	67 0.922	HX EFFECTIVENESS			
ID**	60	0 LOW TEMP P/L HEAT LOAD SIMULATOR				
KBAS	60	0 49	59	2	59	
NSTR	60	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD IN GPOLY			
VARY	60	65	HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - INPUT IN GPOLY			
ID**	61	0 LIQUID COOLED GARMENT HX				
KBAS	61	0 49	55	1	58	
ID**	62	0 FREON 21 PUMPS (2)				
KBAS	62	0 22	-78	2	66	
NSTR	62	00002	INPUT PUMP HEAT ADDITION			
VARY	62	85 765.2	PUMP HEAT ADDITION (WATTS)			
ID**	65	0 FUEL CELL HX				
KBAS	65	0 4	66	3	67	
NSTR	65	0200020100	CENTFLOW, LIQ-LIQ, SS MODEL			
VARY	65	1 14741.0	FC-40 FLOW (LB/HR)			
VARY	65	2 130.0	TEMP (F)			
VARY	65	3 70.0	4 PRESS (PSIA)			
VARY	65	66 1485.	OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F)			
					FL	
ID**	66	0 FUEL CELL WASTE HEAT SIMULATOR				
KBAS	66	0 49	65	3	65	
NSTR	66	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD			
VARY	66	65	FUEL CELL WASTE HEAT (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY			
ID**	67	0 SPLIT - GSE HX BYPASS CONTROL VALVE				
KBAS	67	0 10	-65	2	87	
NSTR	67	00	INPUT UNIV SPLIT RATIO			
VARY	67	65 0.0	SPLIT RATIO - ALL FLOW TO GSE HX			
ID**	68	0 HYDRAULICS HX 1				
KBAS	68	0 4	87	2	71	
NSTR	68	0200020100	CENTFLOW, LIQ-LIQ, SS MODEL			
VARY	68	20 0.0	FLOW (LB/HR)			

VARY	68	21 20.0	TEMP (F)			HSD/PRO
VARY	68	22 500.	23 PRESS (PSIA)			
VARY	68	66 200.	OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F)			
ID**	69	0 HYDRAULIC HX NO. 1 COOLING LOAD SIMULATOR				
KBAS	69	0 49	-68	4		68
NSTR	69	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD			
VARY	69	65	HYD HX NO. 1 HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY			
ID**	70	0 HYDRAULICS HX 2				
KBAS	70	0 4	68	2	-71 4	72
NSTR	70	0200020100	CNTRFLOW, LIQ-LIQ, SS MODEL			
VARY	70	1 0.0	FLOW (LB/HR)			OFCL
VARY	70	2 0.0	TEMP (F)			OFCL
VARY	70	3 500.0	4 PRES (PSIA)			RDD/SRR
VARY	70	66 200.	OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F)			
ID**	71	0 HYDRAULIC HX NO. 2 COOLING LOAD SIMULATOR				
KBAS	71	0 49	-70	4		70
NSTR	71	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD			
VARY	71	65	HYD HX NO. 2 HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - CALC IN GPOLY			
ID**	72	0 HEAT SINK 1				
KBAS	72	0 49	70	2		73
NSTR	72	00	PASS FLOW AND TEMP			
ID**	73	0 HEAT SINK 2				
KBAS	73	0 49	72	2		90
NSTR	73	00	PASS FLOW AND TEMP			
ID**	74	0 LIQMIX - FROM GSE HX AND GSE HX BYPASS				
KBAS	74	0 7	89	2	67	56
ID**	75	0 OXYGEN RESTRICTOR				
KBAS	75	0 49	57	2		76
NSTR	75	00	PASS FLOW AND TEMP			
ID**	76	0 SPLIT - FREON FLOW TO ARS I/C AND LOW TEMP P/L HX				
KBAS	76	0 10	75	2	2	3
NSTR	76	001	SPECIFY PRI OUTFLOW - CALC SPLIT RATIO			
VARY	76	1 2400.0	ARS I/C FLOW (LB/HR)			
VARY	76	2 40.0	TEMP (F)			
VARY	76	3 260.0	4 PRESS (PSIA)			
VARY	76	20 1280.0	LOW TEMP P/L HX FLOW (LB/HR)			
VARY	76	21 40.0	TEMP (F)			
VARY	76	22 260.0	23 PRESS (PSIA)			
ID**	77	0 LIQMIX - FREON FLOW FROM ARS I/C AND LOW TEMP P/L HX				
KBAS	77	0 7	-59	2	55	79
ID**	78	0 HIGH TEMP P/L HX				
KBAS	78	0 4	79	2	-77 2	62
NSTR	78	0000020100	CNTRFLOW, LIQ-LIQ, SS MODEL			
VARY	78	1 3680.	FREON FLOW (LB/HR)			
VARY	78	2 75.0	TEMP (F)			
VARY	78	3 90.0	4 PRESS (PSIA)			
VARY	78	67 0.625	HX EFFECTIVENESS			

ID**	79	0 HIGH TEMP P/L HEAT LOAD SIMULATOR		
KBAS	79	0 49	78 2	78
NSTR	79	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD	
VARY	79	65	HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) - INPUT IN GPOLY	
ID**	80	0 SPLIT - (SEC FLOW TO PAYLOAD, PRI FLOW TO MAIN CABIN)		
KBAS	80	0 10	23 2 2	81 2
NSTR	80	002	SPECIFY SEC FLOW	
VARY	80	20	PAYLOAD GAS FLOW - INPUT IN GPOLY FROM TABLE 1080	
ID**	81	0 PAYLOAD CREW METABOLIC SIMULATION		
KBAS	81	0 3	-80 2	82 82
KARY	81	16	3 3 CREWMEN	
KARY	81	17	990 AVG. MAN, 500 BTU/HR METABOLIC RATE, CLO=.99	
VARY	81	71 25.0	AVG. CABIN GAS VELOCITY (FT/MIN)	
VARY	81	72 300.	MAX HEAT STORAGE/MAN (BTU)	
ID**	82	0 PAYLOAD COMPARTMENT SIMULATION		
KBAS	82	0 1	81 2	1 82
NSTR	82	0021000010	2 RESETS, CARRY ENTRAINED WATER	
VARY	82	2 72.5	PAYLOAD CABIN TEMP (F)	
VARY	82	3 14.7	4 PAYLOAD CABIN PRESSURE (PSIA)	
VARY	82	6 1.8	H2O VAPOR FLOW (LB/HR)	
VARY	82	10 51.8	OXYGEN FLOW (LB/HR)	
VARY	82	11 166.8	NITROGEN FLOW (LB/HR)	
VARY	82	12 1.8	CO2 FLOW (LB/HR)	
VARY	82	66	CABIN HEAT LOAD - CALC IN GPOLY	
VARY	82	87 72.5	CABIN GAS DESIGN TEMP (F)	
VARY	82	88 7.5	CABIN GAS DESIGN TEMP TOL (F)	
VARY	82	90 14.7	DESIGN TOTAL PRESSURE (PSIA)	
VARY	82	91 0.2	DESIGN TOTAL PRESSURE TOL (PSIA)	
VARY	82	92 3.1	DESIGN OXYGEN PRESSURE (PSIA)	
VARY	82	93 0.1	DESIGN OXYGEN PRESSURE TOL (PSIA)	
VARY	82	96 50.0	DESIGN DEW POINT (F)	
VARY	82	97 11.0	DESIGN DEW POINT TOL (F)	
VARY	82	99 7.6	MAX ALLOWABLE CO2 PRESSURE (MM HG)	
VARY	82	101 250.	MAX ALLOWABLE TRACE CONTAMINANT LEVEL (PPM)	
VARY	82	122	TOTAL OUTBOARD LEAKAGE (LB/HR)	
VARY	82	127	N-C ADDITION RATE (LB/HR)	
VARY	82	128	COND. VAPOR ADDITION RATE (LB/HR)	
VARY	82	129	COND ENTRAINED LIQUID ADDITION RATE (LB/HR)	
VARY	82	134 0.2	SPECIFIC HEAT OF N-C ADDED (BTU/LB-F)	
ID**	83	0 GASMIX - (PAYLOAD AND MAIN CABIN GAS RETURNS)		
KBAS	83	0 6	3 2 -82 2	84 2
ID**	84	0 ALTCOM - (SIMULATE HEAT LOAD ADDITIONS TO CABIN HX RETURN GAS)		
KBAS	84	0 49	83 2	8 2
NSTR	84	02	INPUT HEAT LOAD IN GPOLY	
VARY	84	65	MISC RETURN GAS HEAT INPUT IN GPOLY FROM TABLE 1084	
ID**	85	0 GASMIX - (LION BEDS BYPASS)		
KBAS	85	0 6	19 2 13	86 2
ID**	86	0 SPLIT - (CABIN TEMPERATURE CONTROL VALVE)		
KBAS	86	0 10	85 2 2	22 2
NSTR	86	00	CALC UNIV SPLIT RATIO	
VARY	86	65	SPLIT RATIO - CALC IN GPOLY TO CONTROL CABIN TEMP	

ID**	87	0 SPLIT - (VAPOR CYCLE BYPASS VALVE)				
KBAS	87	0 10	67	2	2	88
NSTR	87	00	INPUT UNIV SPLIT RATIO			
VARY	87	65 0.0	SPLIT RATIO - NO FLOW TO VAPOR CYCLE FERRY KIT			
ID**	88	0 VAPOR CYCLE FERRY KIT				
KBAS	88	0 49	-87	2		69
ID**	89	0 LIQMIX - (GSE HX AND VAPOR CYCLE RETURNS)				
KBAS	89	0 7	90	2	-88	74
ID**	90	0 GSE HX				
KBAS	90	0 4	99	2	-91 5	89
NSTR	90	0200020100	CNTRFLOW, LIQ-LIQ, SS MODEL			
VARY	90	66 2107.	OVERALL UA (BTU/HR-F)			
ID**	91	0 GSE HX COOLANT SUPPLY CONDITIONS				
KBAS	91	0 49	5			
VARY	91	1 3375.	FLOW (LB/HR)			
VARY	91	2 40.0	TEMP (F)			
VARY	91	3 50.0	4 PRESS (PSIA)			
ID**	98	0 SPLIT - RADIATOR BYPASS CONTROL VALVE				
KBAS	98	0 10	73	2	2	101
VARY	98	65 0.0	SPLIT RATIO - ALL FLOW TO RADIATOR			
ID**	99	0 LIQMIX - FROM RADIATOR AND RADIATOR BYPASS				
KBAS	99	0 7	113	2	98	90
VARY	99	1 3680.0	FREON FLOW (LB/HR)			
VARY	99	2 40.0	TEMP (F)			
VARY	99	3 260.0	4 PRESSURE (PSIA)			
ID**	101	0 SPLIT TO SIDE 1 AND SIDE 2 PANELS				
KBAS	101	0 10	98	2	2	102
VARY	101	65 0.5	SPLIT RATIO			
ID**	102	0 SPLIT TO FORE AND AFT TOP PANELS OF SIDE 1				
KBAS	102	0 10	101	2	2	103
VARY	102	65 0.5	SPLIT RATIO			
ID**	103	0 SIDE 1 FORE TOP RADIATOR PANELS				
KBAS	103	0 62	102	2		104
NSTR	103	011	1 USE STEADY STATE SOLUTION			
KARY	103	16	103	SOLAR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.		
KARY	103	17	104	IR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.		
VARY	103	66 .25	SOLAR ABSORPTIVITY			
VARY	103	67 .92	IR EMISSIVITY			
VARY	103	68 .934	OVERALL FIN RADIATOR EFFECTIVENESS (NO PRIME TUBE)			
VARY	103	69 1.0	SCRIPT F			
VARY	103	70 249.4	RADIATING AREA (FT2) (NO PRIME TUBE)			
VARY	103	71 3655.5	UA AT 550 LB/HR (BTU/HR-F)			
VARY	103	72 550.	FLOW AT CALCULATED UA, R(71) (LB/HR)			
VARY	103	73 0.8	UA FLOW PROPORTIONALITY EXPONENT			
VARY	103	74 0.00001	TAU CONVERGENCE CRITERION			
VARY	103	75 0.01	FLUID OUTLET TEMP CONVERGENCE CRITERION (F)			
VARY	103	87 151.6	RADIATOR + TUBE MASS (LB)			
VARY	103	88 0.22	RADIATOR + TUBE SPECIFIC HEAT, AL6061-T6 (BTU/LB-F)			

ID**	104	0	SIDE 1 AFT TOP RADIATOR PANELS		
KBAS	104	0 62	-102	2	105
NSTR	104	011	1	USE STEADY STATE SOLUTION	
KARY	104	16	103	SOLAR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.	
KARY	104	17	104	IR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.	
VARY	104	66 .25		SOLAR ABSORPTIVITY	
VARY	104	67 .92		IR EMISSIVITY	
VARY	104	68 .934		OVERALL FIN RADIATOR EFFECTIVENESS (NO PRIME TUBE)	
VARY	104	69 1.0		SCRIPT F	
VARY	104	70 249.4		RADIATING AREA (FT2)	(NO PRIME TUBE)
VARY	104	71 3655.5		UA AT 550 LB/HR (BTU/HR-F)	
VARY	104	72 550.		FLOW AT CALCULATED UA, R(71) (LB/HR)	
VARY	104	73 0.8		UA FLOW PROPORTIONALITY EXPONENT	
VARY	104	74 0.00001		TAU CONVERGENCE CRITERION	
VARY	104	75 0.01		FLUID OUTLET TEMP CONVERGENCE CRITERION (F)	
VARY	104	87 151.6		RADIATOR + TUBE MASS (LB)	
VARY	104	88 0.22		RADIATOR + TUBE SPECIFIC HEAT, AL6061-T6 (BTU/LB-F)	
ID**	105	0	LIQMIX FROM SIDE 1 FORE AND AFT TOP RADIATOR PANELS		
KBAS	105	0 7	103	2	106
ID**	106	0	SIDE 1 CAVITY RADIATOR PANELS		
KBAS	106	0 62	105	2	111
NSTR	106	011	1	USE STEADY STATE SOLUTION	
KARY	106	16	106	SOLAR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.	
KARY	106	17	107	IR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.	
VARY	106	66 .45		SOLAR ABSORPTIVITY	
VARY	106	67 .92		IR EMISSIVITY	
VARY	106	68 .944		OVERALL FIN RADIATOR EFFECTIVENESS (NO PRIME TUBE)	
VARY	106	69 1.0		SCRIPT F	
VARY	106	70 175.12		RADIATING AREA (FT2)	(NO PRIME TUBE)
VARY	106	71 3655.5		UA AT 550 LB/HR (BTU/HR-F)	
VARY	106	72 550.		FLOW AT CALCULATED UA, R(71) (LB/HR)	
VARY	106	73 0.8		UA FLOW PROPORTIONALITY EXPONENT	
VARY	106	74 0.00001		TAU CONVERGENCE CRITERION	
VARY	106	75 0.01		FLUID OUTLET TEMP CONVERGENCE CRITERION (F)	
VARY	106	87 151.6		RADIATOR + TUBE MASS (LB)	
VARY	106	88 0.22		RADIATOR + TUBE SPECIFIC HEAT, AL6061-T6 (BTU/LB-F)	
ID**	107	0	SPLIT TO FORE AND AFT TOP PANELS OF SIDE 2		
KBAS	107	0 10	-101	2	2
VARY	107	65 0.5		SPLIT RATIO	
ID**	108	0	SIDE 2 FORE TOP RADIATOR PANELS		
KBAS	108	0 62	107	2	
NSTR	108	011	1	USE STEADY STATE SOLUTION	
KARY	108	16	103	SOLAR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.	
KARY	108	17	104	IR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.	
VARY	108	66 .25		SOLAR ABSORPTIVITY	
VARY	108	67 .92		IR EMISSIVITY	
VARY	108	68 .934		OVERALL FIN RADIATOR EFFECTIVENESS (NO PRIME TUBE)	
VARY	108	69 1.0		SCRIPT F	
VARY	108	70 249.4		RADIATING AREA (FT2)	(NO PRIME TUBE)
VARY	108	71 3655.5		UA AT 550 LB/HR (BTU/HR-F)	
VARY	108	72 550.		FLOW AT CALCULATED UA, R(71) (LB/HR)	
VARY	108	73 0.8		UA FLOW PROPORTIONALITY EXPONENT	
VARY	108	74 0.00001		TAU CONVERGENCE CRITERION	

VARY 108	75 0.01	FLUID OUTLET TEMP CONVERGENCE CRITERION (F)
VARY 108	87 151.6	RADIATOR + TUBE MASS (LB)
VARY 108	88 0.22	RADIATOR + TUBE SPECIFIC HEAT, AL6061-T6 (BTU/LB-F)
ID** 109	0	SIDE 2 AFT TOP RADIATOR PANELS
KBAS 109	0 62	-107 2
NSTR 109	011	1 USE STEADY STATE SOLUTION
KARY 109	16	103 SOLAR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.
KARY 109	17	104 IR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.
VARY 109	66 .25	SOLAR ABSORPTIVITY
VARY 109	67 .92	IR EMISSIVITY
VARY 109	68 .934	OVERALL FIN RADIATOR EFFECTIVENESS (NO PRIME TUBE)
VARY 109	69 1.0	SCRIPT F
VARY 109	70 249.4	RADIATING AREA (FT2) (NO PRIME TUBE)
VARY 109	71 3655.5	UA AT 550 LB/HR (BTU/HR-F)
VARY 109	72 550.	FLOW AT CALCULATED UA, R(71) (LB/HR)
VARY 109	73 0.8	UA FLOW PROPORTIONALITY EXPONENT
VARY 109	74 0.00001	TAU CONVERGENCE CRITERION
VARY 109	75 0.01	FLUID OUTLET TEMP CONVERGENCE CRITERION (F)
VARY 109	87 151.6	RADIATOR + TUBE MASS (LB)
VARY 109	88 0.22	RADIATOR + TUBE SPECIFIC HEAT, AL6061-T6 (BTU/LB-F)

ID** 110	0	LIQMIX FROM SIDE 2 FORE AND AFT TOP RADIATOR PANELS
KBAS 110	0 7	108 2 -109

ID** 111	0	SIDE 2 CAVITY RADIATOR PANELS
KBAS 111	0 62	105 2 112
NSTR 111	011	1 USE STEADY STATE SOLUTION
KARY 111	16	111 SOLAR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.
KARY 111	17	112 IR HEAT FLUX TABLE NO.
VARY 111	66 .45	SOLAR ABSORPTIVITY
VARY 111	67 .92	IR EMISSIVITY
VARY 111	68 .944	OVERALL FIN RADIATOR EFFECTIVENESS (NO PRIME TUBE)
VARY 111	69 1.0	SCRIPT F
VARY 111	70 175.12	RADIATING AREA (FT2) (NO PRIME TUBE)
VARY 111	71 3655.5	UA AT 550 LB/HR (BTU/HR-F)
VARY 111	72 550.	FLOW AT CALCULATED UA, R(71) (LB/HR)
VARY 111	73 0.8	UA FLOW PROPORTIONALITY EXPONENT
VARY 111	74 0.00001	TAU CONVERGENCE CRITERION
VARY 111	75 0.01	FLUID OUTLET TEMP CONVERGENCE CRITERION (F)
VARY 111	87 151.6	RADIATOR + TUBE MASS (LB)
VARY 111	88 0.22	RADIATOR + TUBE SPECIFIC HEAT, AL6061-T6 (BTU/LB-F)

ID** 112	0	LIQMIX FROM SIDE 1 AND SIDE 2 RADIATOR PANELS
KBAS 112	0 7	106 2 -111 113

ID** 113	0	CALCULATE TIME AVERAGED OUTLET TEMPERATURE
KBAS 113	0 29 4	112 2 101
NSTR 113	00	6 METER MAIN FLOW ONLY

TABL 1	10 2	5	LIN	STP	
TITL 1	20RADIATOR RETURN FLOW (LB/HR) VS HRS				
VALU 1	10021 0.0	6.288	12.576	18.864	25.152
VALU 1	11020 2200.	2400.	2800.	3200.	3800.

TABL 2	10 2	19	LIN	STP	
TITL 2	20RADIATOR RETURN TEMPERATURE (F) VS. HRS				
VALU 2	10021 0.0	1.572	3.144	4.716	6.288 7.860

VALU	2	11020	125.	150.	175.	200.	125.	150.
VALU	2	12021	9.432	11.004	12.576	14.148	15.720	17.292
VALU	2	13020	175.	200.	100.	125.	150.	175.
VALU	2	14021	18.864	20.436	22.008	23.580	25.152	26.724
VALU	2	15020	100.	125.	150.	175.	100.	125.
VALU	2	16021	28.296					
VALU	2	17020	150.					

TABL	103	10	2	18	LIN	LIN		
TITL	103	20SOLAR FLUX, BETA=78 DEG, SOLAR ORIENTED, TOP PNLS, BTU/HR-FT2 VS HRS						
VALU	103	10021	0.0	.0655	.131	.1965	.262	.3275
VALU	103	11020	452.87	452.79	452.63	451.96	451.03	449.23
VALU	103	12021	.393	.4585	.524	1.040	1.1135	1.179
VALU	103	13020	446.83	444.01	443.0	443.0	444.01	446.85
VALU	103	14021	1.2455	1.31	1.3755	1.441	1.5065	1.572
VALU	103	15020	449.29	451.03	451.96	452.53	452.79	452.87

TABL	104	10	2	25	LIN	LIN		
TITL	104	20IR FLUX, BETA=78 DEG, SOLAR ORIENTED, TOP PANELS, BTU/HR- FT2 VS HRS						
VALU	104	10021	0.0	.0655	.131	.1965	.262	.3275
VALU	104	11020	14.2	14.38	14.9	15.72	16.79	18.03
VALU	104	12021	.393	.4585	.524	.5895	.655	.7205
VALU	104	13020	19.36	21.07	22.66	24.03	25.09	25.76
VALU	104	14021	.786	.8515	.917	.9825	1.040	1.1135
VALU	104	15020	25.99	25.76	25.09	24.03	22.66	21.07
VALU	104	16021	1.179	1.2455	1.31	1.3755	1.441	1.5065
VALU	104	17020	19.36	18.03	16.79	15.72	14.9	14.38
VALU	104	18021	1.572					
VALU	104	19020	14.2					

TABL	106	10	2	16	LIN	LIN		
TITL	106	20SOLAR FLUX, BETA=78, SOLAR ORIENTED, SIDE 1 CAV, BTU/HR-FT2 VS HRS						
VALU	106	10021	0.0	.0655	.131	.1965	.262	.3275
VALU	106	11020	.39	.51	.68	.87	1.16	1.09
VALU	106	12021	.393	.4585	1.1135	1.179	1.2455	1.31
VALU	106	13020	.41	0.0	0.0	.41	1.09	1.16
VALU	106	14021	1.3755	1.441	1.5065	1.572		
VALU	106	15020	.87	.68	.51	.39		

TABL	107	10	2	25	LIN	LIN		
TITL	107	20IR FLUX, BETA=78, SOLAR ORIENTED, SIDE 1 CAVITY, BTU/HR-FT2 VS HRS						
VALU	107	10021	0.0	.0655	.131	.1965	.262	.3275
VALU	107	11020	2.48	2.89	4.03	5.65	9.6	14.4
VALU	107	12021	.393	.4585	.524	.5895	.655	.7205
VALU	107	13020	19.36	25.0	31.9	37.56	42.26	45.54
VALU	107	14021	.786	.8515	.917	.9825	1.040	1.1135
VALU	107	15020	46.74	45.54	42.26	37.56	31.9	25.0
VALU	107	16021	1.179	1.2455	1.31	1.3755	1.441	1.5065
VALU	107	17020	19.36	14.5	9.6	5.65	4.03	2.89
VALU	107	18021	1.572					
VALU	107	19020	2.48					

TABL	111	10	2	16	LIN	LIN		
TITL	111	20SOLAR FLUX, BETA=78, SOLAR ORIENTED, SIDE 2 CAVITY, BTU/HR-FT2 VSHR						
VALU	111	10021	0.0	.0655	.131	.1965	.262	.3275
VALU	111	11020	22.3	20.81	16.78	11.27	5.43	2.49
VALU	111	12021	.393	.4585	1.1135	1.179	1.2455	1.31
VALU	111	13020	.41	0.0	0.0	.41	2.49	5.93

VALU 111	14021	1.3755	1.441	1.5065	1.572		
VALU 111	15020	11.27	16.78	20.81	22.3		

TABL 112	10	2	25	LIN	LIN		
TITL 112	201R	FLUX, BETA=78, SOLAR ORIENTED, SIDE 2 CAVITY, BTU/HR-FT2	VS. HRS				

VALU 112	100	0.0	.0655	.131	.1965	.262	.3275
VALU 112	110	56.54	55.05	50.56	43.26	35.55	27.48
VALU 112	120	.393	.4585	.524	.5895	.655	.7205
VALU 112	130	19.36	13.04	6.77	3.68	1.16	.19
VALU 112	140	.786	.8515	.917	.9825	1.040	1.1135
VALU 112	150	.15	.19	1.16	3.68	6.77	13.04
VALU 112	160	1.179	1.2455	1.31	1.3755	1.441	1.5065
VALU 112	170	19.36	27.48	35.53	43.26	50.56	55.05
VALU 112	180	1.572					
VALU 112	190	56.54					

TABL1000	10	2	24	LIN	STP		
TITL1000	20	MISSION PHASE VS. MISSION TIME (SEC) FOR SORTIE MISSION 2A					

VALU1000	11021	-600.	0.0	596.	1459.	2203.	69161.
VALU1000	12020	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0
VALU1000	13021	83232.	89075.	94200.	166200.	176350.	184200.
VALU1000	14020	7.0	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	12.0
VALU1000	15021	270600.	357000.	443400.	529800.	537000.	595225.
VALU1000	16020	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	17.0	18.0
VALU1000	17021	597833.	599645.	599841.	600000.	600120.	600900.
VALU1000	18020	19.0	20.0	21.0	22.0	23.0	24.0

TABL1002	10	2	11	LIN	STP		
TITL1002	20	CABIN HEAT LOAD (-METABOLIC) VS. MISSION PH. (SORTIE 2A)	(BTU/HR)				

VALU1002	11021	1.0	3.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	9.0
VALU1002	12020	3938.	2688.	5362.	2438.	2585.	5112.
VALU1002	13021	10.0	11.0	12.0	18.0	21.0	
VALU1002	14020	2585.	2438.	5112.	3938.	6238.	

TABL1024	10	2	17	LIN	STP		
TITL1024	20	AVIONIC BAYS AIR LOAD VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A)	(BTU/HR)				

VALU1024	11021	1.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0	9.0
VALU1024	12020	11818.	11761.	7499.	5159.	7749.	8050.
VALU1024	13021	10.0	11.0	12.0	16.0	17.0	18.0
VALU1024	14020	8219.	7749.	5296.	5352.	6071.	11915.
VALU1024	15021	19.0	20.0	21.0	22.0	23.0	
VALU1024	16020	13133.	14338.	14276.	12536.	6937.	

TABL1050	10	2	20	LIN	STP		
TITL1050	20	AVIONIC BAYS CP LOAD VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A)	(BTU/HR)				

VALU1050	11021	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6.0
VALU1050	12020	11083.	9903.	8351.	6748.	5631.	6408.
VALU1050	13021	7.0	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	12.0
VALU1050	14020	7638.	7109.	6174.	6649.	6597.	5436.
VALU1050	15021	16.0	17.0	18.0	19.0	20.0	21.0
VALU1050	16020	5406.	5713.	8477.	9780.	10148.	10210.
VALU1050	17021	22.0	23.0				
VALU1050	18020	9768.	7084.				

TABL1060	10	2	3	LIN	STP		
TITL1060	20	LOW TEMP. PAYLOAD HX LOAD VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A)	(BTU/HR)				

VALU1060	11021	1.0	12.0	18.0			
VALU1060	12020	5200.	21500.	5200.			

TABL1066	10	3	3	4	LIN	LIN	LIN
TITL1066	20FUEL CELL -A- WASTE HEAT (BTU/HR) VS. NO. CELLS VS. ELEC OUTPUT (KW)						
VALU1066	11031		3.2		10.0	12.0	14.0
VALU1066	12030	1.0	5000.		20800.	25400.	30000.
VALU1066	13030	2.0	5000.		18200.	22600.	27000.
VALU1066	14030	3.0	5000.		17200.	21000.	25400.

TABL1069	10	2	5	LIN	STP
TITL1069	20HYDRAULIC LOOP HEAT LOSS (BTU/HR) VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A)				
VALU1069	11021	1.0	5.0	6.0	12.0
VALU1069	12020	0.0	-15000.	0.0	-15000.

TABL1075	10	2	2	LIN	STP
TITL1075	2002 RESTRICTOR HEAT LOSS (BTU/HR) VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A)				
VALU1075	11021	1.0	23.0		
VALU1075	12020	0.0	0.0		

TABL1079	10	2	2	LIN	STP
TITL1079	20HIGH TEMP PAYLOAD HX HEAT LOAD (BTU/HR) VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A)				
VALU1079	11021	1.0	23.0		
VALU1079	12020	0.0	0.0		

TABL1080	10	2	3	LIN	STP
TITL1080	20PAYLOAD GAS FLOW (CFM) VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A)				
VALU1080	11021	1.0	12.0	18.0	
VALU1080	12020	0.0	48.0	0.0	

TABL1082	10	2	2	LIN	STP
TITL1082	20PAYLOAD AIR LOAD VS. MISSION PH FOR 48CFM (SORTIE 2A) (BTU/HR)				
VALU1082	11021	1.0	23.0		
VALU1082	12020	0.0	0.0		

TABL1084	10	2	18	LIN	STP
TITL1084	20HX IN LOADS (-L10H QS, QL) VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A) (BTU/HR)				
VALU1084	11021	1.0	3.0	4.0	5.0
VALU1084	12020	6473.	6386.	5862.	3434.
VALU1084	13021	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.0
VALU1084	14020	5756.	4436.	5024.	5343.
VALU1084	15021	16.0	17.0	18.0	19.0
VALU1084	16020	3293.	3251.	5934.	6514.

TABL1566	10	3	3	4	LIN	LIN	LIN
TITL1566	20FUEL CELL -B- WASTE HEAT (BTU/HR) VS. NO. CELLS VS. ELEC OUTPUT (KW)						
VALU1566	11031		5.0		10.0	12.0	14.0
VALU1566	12030	1.0	11000.		26600.	33400.	40400.
VALU1566	13030	2.0	11000.		23400.	29000.	34300.
VALU1566	14030	3.0	11000.		22200.	27200.	32000.

TABL2066	10	2	23	LIN	STP
TITL2066	20FUEL CELL OUTPUT REQ'D VS. MISSION PH (SORTIE 2A) (KW)				
VALU2066	11021	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
VALU2066	12020	17.86	15.86	11.90	11.42
VALU2066	13021	7.0	8.0	9.0	10.0
VALU2066	14020	8.87	9.43	9.75	9.50
VALU2066	15021	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0
VALU2066	16020	8.18	8.65	8.66	9.20
VALU2066	17021	19.0	20.0	21.0	22.0
VALU2066	18020	13.90	16.03	16.10	15.25

ENDC

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SUBROUTINE GPOLY1
COMMON /COMP/ DS(15),N,NA1,NB1,NC,NCAB,NCFL,NEXT,NEXV,NK,
1 NKEX,NKS,NKT,NLFL,NP,NPASS,NPF,NPFT(6),NQ,NS,NSF,NSF1(6),
2 NSTR(18),NSUBR,NV,NVT,Y(12)
COMMON /RAARRAY/ IMAXR,R(1)
COMMON /ECLST1/ KCHOUT,KPRNT,KPTINV(4),KWIT,KWIT1,KWIT2,
1 KWIT3,KWIT4,NUFF
COMMON /KANDV/ K
COMMON /MISC/ DTIME,GRAV,KFLSYS,KOUTPT,KPDRUP,KSYPAS,KTRANS,
1 LPSUM(5),MAXCI,MAXLP,MAXSLP,MAXSSI,NCOMPS,NEWDT,NLAST,NPASPD,
2 MINSSI,PGMIN,PLMIN,START,STEADY,TIME,TIMEX,TMAX,TMIN,WTMAX
COMMON /CASE/ NCASE,NRSCS
COMMON /FZIP/ CPF,RHOF,VISCF,WTMF,XKF
COMMON /PROPTY/ CPD,CPI(99),CPCONL,CPCONV,CPCO2,CPOIL,CPOXY,CPTC,
1 GAMGAS,RHOD,RHO(99),VISCO,VISC(99),VISGAS,WTMD,WTM(99),WTMCON,
2 WTMDIL,WTMTC,XKO,XK(99),XKGAS,XKLIQ,VISLIQ
COMMON /SOURCE/ A(19),B(19),CPA,CPB,IA1,IB1,NA,NB,NPFS,NPFST(6),
1 NSFS,NSFST(6),RHOA,RHOB,VISCA,VISCB,WTMA,WTMB,XKA,XKB
COMMON /POM/ POWER
COMMON /VLOC/ IP,IS,IC,IQ,IV,IVT,IEX,INEXK
COMMON /SHUTLE/ PH
LOGICAL POWER
DIMENSION V(1),K(1)
EQUIVALENCE (V,K)
LOGICAL STEADY

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C      DETERMINE MISSION PHASE
PH=VALUE(1000,TIME,0.0) + 0.00001
IF (PH.EQ.0LPH) GO TO 999
0LPH=PH

C      FIND MAIN CABIN HEAT LOAD (DOES NOT INCLUDE METABOLIC)
QCAB=VALUE(1002,PH,0.0)
QCAB=5306.
CALL SV(QCAB,2,66)

C      FIND AVIONICS BAY AIR HEAT LOADS (DOES NOT INCLUDE FAN)
QAV=VALUE(1024,PH,0.0) - 938.0
QAV1=QAV/3.0
QAV2=QAV1
QAV3=QAV1
QAV1=1812.
QAV2=1189.
QAV3=2080.
CALL SV(QAV1,24,66)
CALL SV(QAV2,30,66)
CALL SV(QAV3,36,66)

C      FIND AVIONICS BAY COLDPLATE HEAT LOADS (CONVERT TO WATTS)
QAVCP=VALUE(1050,PH,0.0)/3.413
QAVCP1=QAVCP/3.0
QAVCP2=QAVCP1
QAVCP3=QAVCP1
QAVCP1=812./3.413
QAVCP2=873./3.413
QAVCP3=2071./3.413
CALL SV(QAVCP1,50,66)
CALL SV(QAVCP2,51,66)
CALL SV(QAVCP3,52,66)

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C      FIND LOW TEMP PAYLOAD HEAT LOAD
      QLTPL=VALUE(1060,PH,0.0)
      QLTPL=18880.0
      CALL SV(QLTPL,60,65)
C      FIND FUEL CELL ELEC OUTPUT REQD.
      FCKW=VALUE(2066,PH,0.0)
C      DETERMINE NO. OF FUEL CELLS OPERATING
      NFC=IFIX(FCKW/7.15) +1
      XFC=FLOAT(NFC) + .00001
C      DETERMINE FUEL CELL WASTE HEAT
C      = TYPE A -
      QFCWH=VALUE(1066,XFC,FCKW)
      QFCWH=41150.
      CALL SV(QFCWH,66,65)
C      FIND HYDRAULIC LOOP HEAT LOSS
      QHYD1=VALUE(1069,PH,0.0)
      QHYD1=0.0
      CALL SV(QHYD1,69,65)
      QHYD2=0.0
      CALL SV(QHYD2,71,65)
C      FIND O2 RESTRICTOR HEAT LOSS
      QO2R=VALUE(1075,PH,0.0)
      QO2R=0.0
      CALL SV(QO2R,75,65)
C      FIND HIGH TEMP PAYLOAD HX HEAT LOAD
      QHTPL=VALUE(1079,PH,0.0)
      QHTPL=10120.0
      CALL SV(QHTPL,79,65)
C      FIND HEAT LOAD FOR PAYLOAD AIR FROM MAIN CABIN
      QPLAIR=VALUE(1082,PH,0.0)
      QPLAIR=0.0
      CALL SV(QPLAIR,82,66)
C      FIND MAIN CABIN HEAT LOADS TO BE ADDED BEFORE HX INLET
C      INCLUDES CABIN COLDPLATE LOADS
C      (DOES NOT INCLUDE LICH OR FAN LOADS)
      QHXIN=VALUE(1084,PH,0.0) -1489.
      QHXIN=1635.
      CALL SV(QHXIN,84,65)
C      FIND IMU LOAD FOR EACH WATER LOOP CIRCUIT
      QIMU=2269.
      QIMU1=QIMU/3.0
      QIMU2=QIMU1
      QIMU3=QIMU1
      CALL SV(QIMU1,45,65)
      CALL SV(QIMU2,44,65)
      CALL SV(QIMU3,40,65)
999 CONTINUE

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3   IF(N.NE.3) GO TO 305
C   SPECIFY TOTAL LEAKAGE RATE TO AVIONICS BAYS 1-3 AS R(20) FOR COMP 3
C   MAX LEAKAGE = 3 LB/DAY = 0.125 LB/HR PER RDD/SRH
      R(20)=0.125
305 CONTINUE
80  IF(N.NE.80) GO TO 8050
C   FIND PAYLOAD GAS FLOW FROM MAIN CABIN
      PLCFM=VALUE(1080,PH,0.0)
      PLCFM=48.0
      R(20)=PLCFM.RHOA*60.0
8050 CONTINUE
86  IF(N.NE.86) GO TO 8650
C   FIND SPLIT RATIO FOR CABIN TEMP CONTROL VALVE
      IF(KSYPAS.EQ.0) GO TO 8650
      TCAB=VV(2,104)
      TSET=70.0
      IF(ABS(TCAB-TCAB0).LE.0.1) GO TO 8650
      CALL ESTIM(R(65),TCAB,TSET,R650,TCAB0,TSET0,1.0,ITER1,NSTR(1))
      R(65)=0.0
8650 CONTINUE

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RETURN
END

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SUBROUTINE GPOLY2
COMMON /COMP/ DS(15),N,NA1,NB1,NC,NCAB,NCFL,NEXT,NEXV,NK,
1 NKEX,NKS,NKT,NLFL,NP,NPASS,NPF,NPFT(6),NW,NS,NSF,NSFT(6),
2 NSTR(18),NSUBR,NV,NVT,Y(12)
COMMON /RARRAY/ IMAXR,R(1)
COMMON /KANDV/ K
COMMON /MISC/ DTIME,GRAV,KFLSYS,KOUTPT,KPDRUP,KSYPAS,KTRANS,
1 LPSUM(5),MAXCI,MAXLP,MAXSLP,MAXSSI,NCOMPS,NEWDT,NLAI,NPASPD,
2 MINSSI,PGMIN,PLMIN,START,STEADY,TIME,TIMEX,TMAX,TMIN,WTMAX
COMMON /CASE/ NCASE,NRSCS
COMMON /PROPTY/ CPO,CP(99),CPEONL,CPCONV,CPCO2,CPDIL,CPOXY,CPTC,
1 GAMGAS,RHO0,RHO(99),VISCO,VISC(99),VISGAS,WTMD,WTM(99),WTMCON,
2 WTMDIL,WTMTC,XK0,XK(99),XKGAS,XKLIQ,VISLIQ
COMMON /SOURCE/ A(19),B(19),CPA,CPB,IA1,IB1,NA,NB,NPFS,NPFT(6),
1 NSFS,NSFT(6),RHOA,RHOB,VISCA,VISCB,WTMA,WTMB,XKA,XKB
COMMON /POW/ POWER
LOGICAL POWER
DIMENSION V(1),K(1)
EQUIVALENCE (V,K)
LOGICAL STEADY
IF(N.EQ.82) R(2)=75.0
RETURN
END

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